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NHS Contraceptive Services: England, 2009/10

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Executive summary

This annual report primarily presents information on NHS community contraceptive clinics (family planning clinics and clinics run by voluntary organisations such as Brook Advisory Centres). This has been collected since 1988/89 through the KT31 return.

Information on NHS community contraceptive clinics excludes services provided in out-patient clinics and those provided by General Practitioners. However, limited data is presented for out-patient clinics sourced from The NHS Information Centre's Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), prescription data from the Prescription Services Division (PSD) and survey data from 'Contraception and Sexual Health 2008/09', a report published by the Office for National Statistics (ONS) on behalf of the NHS Information Centre.

Main findings:

During the period April 2009 to March 2010:

- There were 2.6 million attendances at NHS community contraceptive clinics made by 1.3 million individuals. This represented an increase of 1% (26,000) on the number of attendances in 2008/09 (2.5 million) and an increase of 2% (30,000) on the number of individuals in 2008/09 (1.3 million).
- 1.2 million women attended NHS community contraceptive clinics, an increase of 1% (7,000) on the previous year (1.2 million).
- 162,000 men attended NHS community contraceptive clinics, an increase of 16% (22,000) on 2008/09 (140,000).
- Among women who attended NHS community contraceptive clinics, the 16-19 year old age group had the highest number of attendances per 100 population. An estimated 22% of women in this age group visited a clinic during the year while the equivalent proportion for those aged 15 and under¹ was 8%. In 2008/09 the respective proportions for these age groups were 21% and 8%.
- Oral contraception was the primary contraceptive method of 44% of women who attended NHS community contraceptive clinics, and it remains the most common primary method.
- Use of Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives (LARCs) continues to increase and now accounts for 26% of primary methods of contraception among women who attended NHS community contraceptive clinics. This percentage was 24% in 2008/09 and 18% in 2003/04.

¹ Within the '15 and under' age range, attendances are recorded for all ages under 15, whereas the population is based on those aged 13 and 14 only

- There were 144,000 occasions on which Emergency Hormonal Contraception (EHC) were dispensed at NHS community contraceptive clinics, an increase of 1% (1,000) on 2008/09 (142,000) but a decrease of 28% (55,000) on 2001/02. EHC became available over the counter in pharmacies in 2001/02, and since then a decline in emergency contraception issued by clinics has been shown in every year to 2007/08. Although increases are shown from 2007/08, time series data on EHC dispensing at national level is sensitive to changes shown in a relatively small number of providers. There is evidence to suggest that at least part of the increase shown from 2007/08 can be attributed to technical or recording issues encountered by data suppliers.

Introduction

NHS Contraceptive Services – an overview

This annual report primarily presents information on NHS community contraceptive clinics (family planning clinics and clinics run by voluntary organisations such as Brook Advisory Centres). This has been collected since 1988/89 through the KT31 return, which includes services provided by:

- Trusts in NHS clinics and as domiciliary visits
- Brook Advisory Centres (Brook)

Information on NHS community contraceptive clinics excludes services provided in out-patient clinics and those provided by General Practitioners. However, limited data is presented for out-patient clinics sourced from The NHS Information Centre's Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), prescription data from the Prescription Services Division (PSD) and survey data from 'Contraception and Sexual Health 2008/09', a report published by the Office for National Statistics (ONS) on behalf of the NHS Information Centre. This is a sample survey of women aged 16 to 49 and men aged 16 to 69 in Great Britain, and gives an overview of all contraception used

irrespective of whether it is provided by the NHS. It also asks about sexual behaviour and knowledge of sexually transmitted infections. This report was last produced in 2008/09 and is not currently being continued. Information from the 2008/09 report was presented in detail in *NHS Contraceptive Services: England, 2008/09* last year, and remains the latest information available.

Detailed results from this survey are available from the ONS web site:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=6988>

Sexual and Reproductive Health Activity Dataset (SRHAD)

The Sexual and Reproductive Health Activity Dataset was implemented in April 2010 and mandates the collection of contraceptive activity data from sexual and reproductive health (SRH) services in a standardised data return. SRHAD will replace the KT31 Central Return, although submission of KT31 will be permitted until the end of the 2011/12 collection period to allow services to implement the new arrangement. SRHAD is a quarterly collection and includes an enhanced range of data. When national compliance is achieved, the data will be published via quarterly and annual reports.

NHS community contraceptive clinics and types of contraception

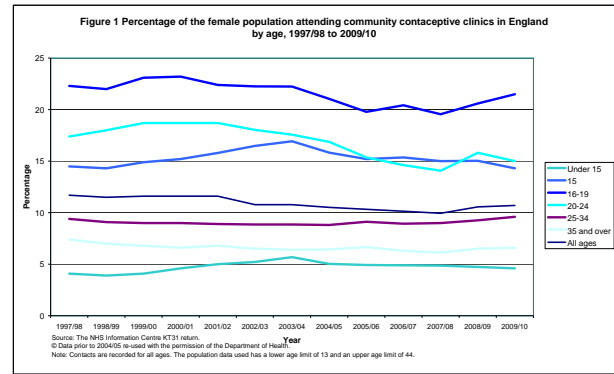
There were 2.6 million attendances at NHS community contraceptive clinics made by 1.3 million individuals in 2009/10. This represented an increase of 1% (26,000) on the number of attendances in 2008/09 (2.5 million) and an increase of 2% (30,000) on the number of individuals in 2008/09 (1.3 million).

Women attending NHS community contraceptive clinics

In 2009/10, 1.2 million women attended NHS community contraceptive clinics, an increase of 1% (7,000) on the previous year. This represents 11% of the female population (based on the female population aged 13 to 44). The percentage of women attending varied considerably by age.

Approximately 14% (44,000) of females aged 15 and approximately 5% (28,000) of females aged under 15 (based on the female population aged 13 and 14) attended nationwide in 2009/10 (Table 2).

In general, over the past twelve years, the highest percentage of the female population attending NHS community contraceptive clinics was those aged 16-19. In 2009/10, 22% (281,000) of women in this age group attended NHS community contraceptive clinics (Figure 1).



Primary methods of contraception

The majority of people attending NHS community contraceptive clinics do so for contraceptive advice and the primary method of contraception chosen or already in use is recorded. There were some people attending NHS community contraceptive clinics to seek advice on other matters (e.g. cervical screening); these are excluded from some of the analyses in this report.

The ONS survey data shows that in 2008/09 (the last year that data was collected), 58% of women aged 16-49 reported using a method of contraception other than sterilisation. In addition, about 6% of women in that age group have been sterilised. Approximately 25% of women aged 16-49, an estimated 3.5 million women (3.0 million in England), were using contraceptive pills and the survey estimates a similar percentage using the male condom.

Of women attending NHS community contraceptive clinics in 2009/10, oral contraceptive was the most common reason accounting for 44% of women (392,000) (oral contraceptives are also available via a GP).

Twenty five per cent (221,000) of the women attending NHS community contraceptive clinics in 2009/10 were recorded as using the male condom (the male condom is also available from private sector sources) (Table 4). Approximately 109,000 men were recorded in 2009/10 as obtaining the male condom from NHS community contraceptive clinics (Table 8).

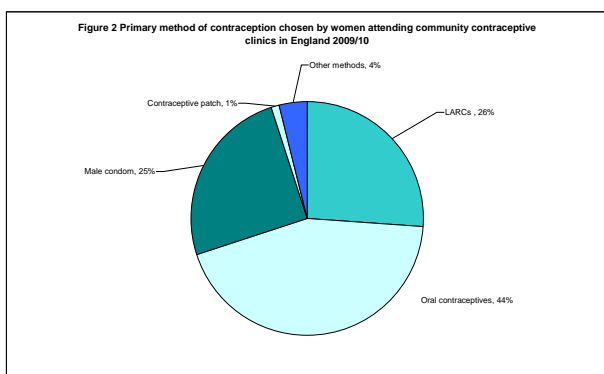
Main user dependant methods of contraception

In 2009/10, of all the women attending NHS community contraceptive clinics, user dependant methods of contraception were most common with the younger age groups (84% of women aged under 15) decreasing with age to 58% of those aged 35 and over. Overall, the male condom proved the most popular method of primary contraception amongst the youngest age groups, with oral contraception being the most popular user dependant methods of contraception for 16-34 year olds.

In 2009/10, the KT31 return showed that oral contraceptives were the most consistently popular method of contraception chosen by women attending NHS community contraceptive clinics. This was the primary method chosen or already in use by almost half of women in 2009/10 (44% of women) (Figure 2). It was the most common method of contraception for those aged 16-17 (45%), 18-19 (50%) and 20-24 (52%) and 25-34 (45%).

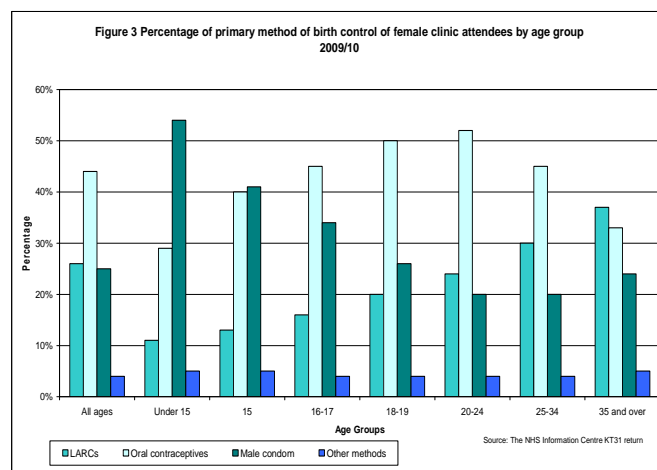
The second most common primary method of contraception for women was the male condom with a quarter choosing this method (25%). In 2009/10, the male condom was used more widely amongst the youngest age groups (54% of women aged under 15 and 41% of those aged 15).

For women aged 35 and over, Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives (LARCs) were most commonly used (37%) (Table 5).



Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives (LARCs)

The use of Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives (LARCs) as a primary method of contraception amongst women has been slowly increasing over the last few years and now accounts for just over a quarter of all women attending NHS community contraceptive clinics (26%). LARCs are non user-dependant methods of contraception and as such are not reliant on regular user adherence. LARCs are comprised of Intra-Uterine Devices - IUD (5% of all primary methods of contraception), Intra-Uterine System - IUS (4%), Injectibles (7%) and Implants (9%). The percentage of those choosing LARCs as a primary method of contraception increased with age, (11% of those aged under 15 compared to 37% of those 35 and over) (Table 5 and Figure 3).



Emergency Contraception (post-coital)

Emergency (post-coital) contraceptive pills otherwise known as Emergency Hormonal Contraception (EHC) were dispensed on prescription on approximately 397,000 occasions in 2009/10. Roughly two thirds were prescribed by GPs and a third at NHS community contraceptive clinics (144,000) (Table 1).

The number of contacts which involved emergency contraceptives by NHS community contraceptive clinics and Brook services rose from approximately 210,000 in 1997/98 to 236,000 in 1999/2000. This fell to approximately 136,000 in 2007/08. This fall is due to the reclassification of EHC in 2001, making it available for women aged 16 and over to buy at pharmacies without a prescription. These data are not collected centrally. In addition, nurses and pharmacists can supply EHC to women of all ages under a Patient Group Direction (PGD). PGDs are documents which make it legal for medicines to be provided to groups of patients without individual prescriptions having to be written for each patient. Data on supply by PGD are not collected centrally. The majority of emergency contraception issued at clinics was for the hormonal (pill) method.

In 2009/10, there were 144,000 occasions on which EHC were dispensed at NHS community contraceptive clinics, an increase of 1% (1,000) on 2008/09 but a decrease of 28% (55,000) on 2001/02. Although an increase is shown from 2007/08 time series data on EHC dispensing at national level is sensitive to changes shown in a relatively small number of providers. There is evidence to suggest that at least part of the increase shown in 2008/09 and 2009/10 can be attributed to technical or recording issues encountered by data suppliers (Table 6).

Men

There were 162,000 men who attended NHS community contraceptive clinics in 2009/10, an increase of 16% (22,000) on 2008/09 (140,000).

The male condom was the most consistently popular method of contraception for men attending NHS community contraceptive clinics every year. This was the primary method chosen, or already in use, by most men in 2009/10 (108,000). About 8,800 first contacts with men attending NHS community contraceptive clinics in 2009/10 were recorded as having their primary method of contraception as a vasectomy (Table 8).

Vasectomies may be performed as operations requiring a hospital stay or as procedures in out-patient clinics. Data from HES and from the KT31 return suggest that approximately 40,800 vasectomies were performed in 1997/98 and this has declined steadily each year to 21,500 in 2008/09 (the latest HES data available). Most vasectomies are performed as day cases (i.e. in hospital and using a bed, but not requiring an overnight stay) (13,400). Approximately a third were reported as occurring in NHS community contraceptive, or other out-patient, clinics (Table 1).

The HES vasectomy figures incorporated in Table 1 (13,800) only includes where a vasectomy was performed as a main procedure. Vasectomies can also be performed as a secondary procedure. There were 14,400 vasectomies recorded as a main or secondary procedure in 2008/09, the latest year that these data were available (Table 11).

See Annex B for a full list of vasectomy and vasectomy reversal procedure codes.

Sterilisations

In 2009/10, the KT31 return showed that there were 700 first contacts with women at NHS community contraceptive clinics where sterilisation was the primary method of contraception chosen or already in use (Table 4). However female sterilisation is an operation which necessitates a stay in hospital and so data from the HES system shows that the number of sterilisations performed in NHS hospitals as a main procedure has fallen from approximately 40,500 in 1997/98 to 12,000 in 2008/09 (the latest year that these data were available) (Table 1).

Sterilisations can also be performed as a secondary procedure. There were approximately 17,600 sterilisations recorded as a main or secondary procedure in 2008/09 (Table 11).

See Annex B for a full list of sterilisation and sterilisation reversal procedure codes.

Clinic Sessions for young people aged under 25

Information about clinic sessions held by NHS community contraceptive clinics for young people has been collected since 1994/95. The number of sessions held has more than doubled from approximately 21,100 in 1997/98 to 55,100 in 2009/10, along with the number of people attending which has risen from approximately 260,000 in 1997/98 to 600,000 in 2009/10 (Table 9).

Contacts in clinics and domiciliary visits

NHS community contraceptive clinics have traditionally provided domiciliary services to immobile individuals such as those with physical or learning difficulties. 'Domiciliary visits' may now also include outreach services for vulnerable groups such as teenage mothers, youth offenders and sex workers.

In each year the total number of contacts with clinic services is generally twice the number of recorded clients.

Although the majority of contacts with NHS community contraceptive clinics take place in clinics, a small number of domiciliary visits are made each year. Domiciliary visits accounted for 0.9% of all contacts in 1997/98. This proportion fell to 0.3% in 2003/04 and 2004/05 but has since risen to 0.7% in 2009/10 (Table 10).

Prescriptions for contraceptives dispensed in the community

Prescriptions for Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives (LARCs) have increased from 0.7 million in 1997/98 to 1.2 million in 2009/10. During the same period prescriptions for user dependant methods have remained stable, varying between 7.5 and 7.8 million (Table 12).

Summary of information on NHS community contraceptive services by Strategic Health Authority (SHA)

Regional variations show London SHA with the highest rate of first contacts with women for NHS community contraceptive clinics per 100 resident population (based on the female population aged 13 to 44) (15.1) and the South East Coast SHA with the lowest rate (7.1).

Nationally, 70% of women's primary method of contraception was one of the user dependant methods. Regionally this varies from 59% (South West SHA) to 75% (East of England SHA) for user dependant methods. For LARCs it ranges from 20% (London SHA) to 37% (South West SHA) ([Table 13](#)).

Provider level data

Selected information about NHS community contraceptive services for each provider is shown in [Tables 14 and 15](#).

Some organisations return their data through a nominated organisation. Organisations shown in [Tables 14 and 15](#) are not necessarily the only organisations providing NHS community contraceptive services, refer to Annex A for a list who contribute to the overall figures but are not listed in the tables.

Definitions

A **contact** is defined in the KT31 as "...a client is seen by **professional staff** for counselling or in order to be prescribed contraceptives...".

Modernisation of services and the multidisciplinary team approach means this professional contact may include a nurse working under a Patient Group Direction (PGD) to supply and administer contraceptives and provide advice, with health advisers, youth workers, and reception staff.

A **first contact** is the first time a client is seen in the financial year by the NHS community contraceptive service. Subsequent contacts with the same service provider are not recorded, so that each client is only recorded once in any year. The count of first contacts is broadly the number of different persons seen in the course of the year. A person attending for a number of years will be counted as a first contact in each of those years.

A limiting factor of KT31 is the recording of the first method of contraception being aligned to the first contact of a patient in any one year. This does not therefore indicate when a patient changes their contraceptive method throughout the year. Furthermore, for contraceptive methods requiring onward referral for procedure elsewhere, such as vasectomy and sterilisation, it does not record if the actual procedure was carried out.

The **primary method** of contraception for new clients is that chosen after counselling; for existing clients it is the main method in use unless a change is advised. Where vasectomy or female sterilisation is the method chosen after counselling, any interim methods used while waiting for an operation are not recorded.

Where a couple are seen together only one first contact is recorded; if either vasectomy or the male condom is the main method chosen by the couple it is recorded as a male contact and if any other method is chosen it is recorded as a female contact.

Editorial Notes

For the purpose of clarity, figures in the bulletin are shown in accordance with the NHS Information Centre publication conventions.

These are as follows:

- . not applicable
- .. not available
- zero
- 0.0 less than 0.05

Numbers greater than or equal to 0.05 are rounded to either the nearest decimal place, nearest whole number, nearest hundred, nearest thousand or nearest 0.1 million depending upon the size of the number. Totals may not sum due to rounding.

Most data in the bulletin discussed in the text are presented in a table; the relevant table number is given at the end of the last paragraph in the discussion around each table. For data where no table is presented, a reference number to the data source is provided in the relevant section of text.

This bulletin presents contacts at NHS community contraceptive clinics. Contacts are recorded for all ages. Where the information is presented as a percentage of the population, population data uses a lower age limit of 13 and an upper age limit of 44.

FURTHER INFORMATION

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This bulletin, and those for the five previous years, can be found on the NHS Information Centre website:

<http://www.ic.nhs.uk/statistics-and-data-collections/health-and-lifestyles/contraception>

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Table 1 Summary statistics on contraception 1997/98 to 2009/10

England	Numbers / Percentages												
	1997/98	1998/99	1999/00	2000/01	2001/02	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2005/06	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10
Survey data¹ : women aged 16-49 (percentages)													
using contraceptive pill	26	26	26	25	28	25	25	25	24	27	28	25	..
using male condoms	21	21	23	21	21	20	23	22	21	22	24	25	..
using at least one non-surgical method of contraception	52	50	54	51	53	51	52	53	53	56	58	58	..
sterilised	11	12	12	11	10	11	11	10	10	9	7	6	..
using emergency contraception at least once in the last year	..	..	..	8	7	7	6	7	5	6	6	7	..
NHS Community Contraceptive Clinic data² (millions)													
attendances	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6
women attenders	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2
women attenders using contraceptive pill	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
women attenders using male condom	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
NHS Community Contraceptive Clinic data² (thousands)													
women attenders aged under 16	66	65	69	74	80	85	91	82	80	80	78	75	71
male attenders	79	81	84	85	92	93	104	99	97	117	123	140	162
Oral contraceptive prescription items dispensed in the community³ (millions)													
prescriptions	7.1	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.4	7.3
estimated number of women	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	..	..	..	..	..	..
Emergency contraception⁴ (millions)													
dispensed in the community	0.55	0.56	0.54	0.55	0.43	0.39	0.37	0.34	0.32	0.30	0.28	0.27	0.25
dispensed at clinics	0.21	0.22	0.24	0.23	0.20	0.19	0.19	0.18	0.17	0.16	0.14	0.14	0.14
Sterilisation and vasectomy⁵ (thousands)													
female sterilisations	40.5	48.2	41.3	35.3	29.3	27.9	24.6	20.1	18.4	15.8	14.3	12.0	..
reversals of sterilisation	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	..
vasectomies - total	40.8	46.1	42.3	41.1	37.7	37.9	35.4	30.4	28.5	27.1	23.6	21.5	..
- hospital in-patients	1.6	1.1	1	1	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	..
- hospital day cases	29.5	34.5	31.3	30.4	27.3	28.2	25.7	21.5	19.7	17.4	15.4	13.4	..
- outpatients and community clinics	9.7	10.4	10	9.7	9.6	8.8	8.9	8.2	8.2	9.2	7.8	7.8	6.9
reversals of vasectomy	1	1	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	..

1. Source: The Office for National Statistics (ONS) Opinions Survey, previously known as ONS Omnibus Survey ; all figures are for Great Britain. Survey data is no longer collected after 2008/09.

2. Source: The Information Centre KT31 return.

3. Source: Prescription Cost Analysis (PCA) system.

4. Source: Community - prescription based data. Clinics - KT31 data.

5. Source: Vasectomies at outpatient and NHS community contraceptive clinics: from KT31; all other data from Hospital Episode Statistics (HES) is ungrossed and for main procedures only. Results prior to 2008/09 have included grossed HES data. 2008/09 data is the latest available.

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Table 2 First contacts at NHS community contraceptive clinics, by gender and age, 1997/98 to 2009/10

England									Numbers	
	All ages ¹	Under 16			16-19			20-24	25-34	35-44
		Under 15	15	Total	16-17	18-19	Total			
Females: number (thousands)										
1997/98	1,193	24	42	66	..	..	257	257	360	253
1998/99	1,172	23	42	65	..	..	260	259	345	244
1999/00	1,187	25	44	69	..	..	273	268	336	242
2000/01	1,189	28	46	74	..	..	270	272	330	243
2001/02	1,196	32	48	80	..	..	264	279	321	252
2002/03	1,182	33	51	85	..	..	267	274	310	247
2003/04	1,186	36	54	91	142	132	274	272	304	246
2004/05	1,162	32	50	82	138	129	267	266	297	250
2005/06	1,152	32	49	80	135	120	255	248	308	261
2006/07	1,132	31	50	80	141	123	264	242	300	247
2007/08	1,110	30	48	78	135	121	255	237	299	241
2008/09	1,177	29	46	75	142	127	270	273	307	253
2009/10	1,185	28	44	71	143	138	281	261	320	252
Females: rate per 100 resident population^{1,2,3}										
1997/98	11.7	4.1	14.5	7.6	..	..	22.3	17.4	9.4	7.4
1998/99	11.5	3.9	14.3	7.3	..	..	22.0	18.0	9.1	7.0
1999/00	11.6	4.1	14.9	7.6	..	..	23.1	18.7	9.0	6.8
2000/01	11.6	4.6	15.2	8.1	..	..	23.2	18.7	9.0	6.6
2001/02	11.6	5.0	15.8	8.6	..	..	22.4	18.7	8.9	6.8
2002/03	10.8	5.2	16.5	9.0	..	..	22.3	18.0	8.9	6.5
2003/04	10.8	5.7	16.9	9.6	22.9	21.6	22.2	17.6	8.9	6.4
2004/05	10.5	5.0	15.8	8.6	21.7	20.4	21.0	16.9	8.8	6.4
2005/06	10.3	4.9	15.2	8.4	20.9	18.6	19.8	15.4	9.1	6.7
2006/07	10.1	4.9	15.4	8.5	22.0	18.8	20.4	14.6	8.9	6.3
2007/08	9.9	4.9	15.0	8.3	20.8	18.3	19.6	14.1	9.0	6.1
2008/09	10.6	4.7	15.0	8.2	21.9	19.3	20.6	15.8	9.3	6.5
2009/10	10.7	4.6	14.3	7.9	22.5	20.6	21.5	15.0	9.6	6.6
Males: number (thousands)										
1997/98	79	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1998/99	81	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1999/00	84	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2000/01	85	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2001/02	92	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2002/03	93	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2003/04	104	13	11	24	18	12	30	14	15	21
2004/05	99	11	9	20	19	12	31	14	14	20
2005/06	97	10	9	19	20	12	32	14	13	19
2006/07	117	11	10	21	30	15	46	16	14	21
2007/08	123	12	11	23	28	16	44	18	16	22
2008/09	140	12	10	22	29	20	49	28	19	21
2009/10	162	11	10	20	31	24	55	31	27	29
Males: rate per 100 resident population^{1,2,3}										
2003/04	0.9	1.9	3.3	2.4	2.7	1.8	2.3	0.9	0.4	0.6
2004/05	0.9	1.6	2.7	2.0	2.8	1.8	2.3	0.8	0.4	0.5
2005/06	0.9	1.5	2.7	1.9	2.9	1.8	2.4	0.8	0.4	0.5
2006/07	1.0	1.6	3.0	2.1	4.4	2.2	3.3	0.9	0.4	0.5
2007/08	1.1	1.8	3.3	2.3	4.1	2.3	3.2	1.0	0.5	0.6
2008/09	1.2	1.8	3.1	2.3	4.2	2.9	3.6	1.6	0.5	0.6
2009/10	1.4	1.7	3.1	2.2	4.7	3.3	4.0	1.7	0.8	0.8

1. All ages: First contacts can be with females/males of any age. In order to calculate a 'rate per 100 resident population', population data uses a lower age limit of 13 and an upper age limit of 44. 'Under 15' uses the population of females/males aged 13-14. 'Under 16' uses the population of females/males aged 13-15. '35 and over' uses the population of females/males aged 35-44.

2. Rates per 100 resident population for 1997/98 to 2009/10 calculated using population estimates for mid-1997 to mid-2009 for each equivalent gender and age group. The estimates that relate to all years from mid-2002 to mid-2008 inclusive were revised in May 2010 to reflect improvements to migration methodologies. The rates which relied on these estimates have been revised in this table accordingly. Further details are available at:

<http://www.ons.gov.uk/about-statistics/methodology-and-quality/imps/mig-stats-improve-prog/comm-stakeholders/improvements-2008-pop-est/indicative-imps/index.html>

3. Information on Office for National Statistics (ONS) Population data is available at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/STATBASE/Product.asp?vlnk=601>

Source:

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Table 3 First contacts with women and men at NHS community contraceptive clinics, by primary method of contraception, 1997/98 to 2009/10

England		Primary method (%)							Number / percentage
	First contacts all methods ¹ (thousands =100%)	Primary method (%)							
		Oral contraceptives	Male condom	IU Devices/ IU System	Cap/ Diaphragm	Injectable contraceptives	Implants	Other methods ²	
1997/98	996	44	36	6	2	5	..	6	
1998/99	986	42	37	6	2	6	..	7	
1999/00	1,002	43	36	7	2	6	..	7	
2000/01	997	42	35	7	1	7	..	7	
2001/02	993	42	35	7	1	8	..	7	
2002/03	981	42	34	7	1	8	..	8	
2003/04	987	41	35	7	1	8	1	7	
2004/05	944	41	34	7	1	9	2	6	
2005/06	959	41	35	7	1	8	1	7	
2006/07	922	41	35	8	1	7	4	5	
2007/08	888	41	33	8	0	7	5	5	
2008/09	951	39	33	8	0	7	7	6	
2009/10	1,006	39	33	8	0	7	8	5	

1. Excluding contacts recorded as no method provided or contacts for reasons other than contraception.

2. Includes Vasectomies, Other Chemicals (Spermicides, etc, but only when used on their own), Female Condom (e.g. Femidom), Fertility Indicators (Singular or Combined), Fertility Devices (including Persona), Female Sterilisation, Contraceptive Patch, Other Methods (Women) and Other Methods (Men). Figures prior to 2003-04 includes implants.

Source:

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Table 4 First contacts with women at NHS community contraceptive clinics, by primary method of contraception, 2003/04 to 2009/10

England	Numbers / Percentages						
	2003/04	2004/05	2005/06	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10
All methods¹ (thousands)	899.8	856.2	869.0	821.6	792.5	847.9	887.5
LARCs total²	164.6	165.2	170.7	173.4	179.2	204.4	228.4
IU Devices	58.8	50.1	49.1	47.0	46.7	44.0	43.0
IU System	10.2	15.2	19.6	24.0	25.2	34.4	37.7
Injectable contraceptive	83.2	83.3	76.3	66.7	60.5	63.2	65.7
Implant	12.4	16.6	25.7	35.7	46.8	62.7	81.9
User dependant methods total	674.5	635.5	657.5	613.3	571.1	597.3	619.9
Oral contraceptives	407.0	388.3	408.5	379.3	363.5	371.1	392.1
Male condom	266.0	245.1	241.1	226.6	203.4	220.2	221.4
Female condom	1.3	1.2	2.0	1.5	1.3	1.6	1.5
Contraceptive patch	0.2	1.0	5.9	5.9	3.0	4.5	4.9
Natural family planning	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.6	0.4	3.8	1.5
Sterilisation	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.6	1.5	2.7	0.7
Other methods³	59.4	54.1	39.6	32.7	40.2	39.8	37.0
All methods (percentages)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
LARCs total²	18	19	20	21	23	24	26
IU Devices	7	6	6	6	6	5	5
IU System	1	2	2	3	3	4	4
Injectable contraceptive	9	10	9	8	8	7	7
Implant	1	2	3	4	6	7	9
User dependant methods total	75	74	76	75	72	70	70
Oral contraceptives	45	45	47	46	46	44	44
Male condom	30	29	28	28	26	26	25
Female condom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contraceptive patch	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
Natural family planning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sterilisation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other methods	7	6	5	4	5	5	4

1. Totals for all methods do not include first contacts where there was no method provided or the contact was for reason other than contraception.

2. LARCs - Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives.

3. Includes Cap, Diaphragm, Other Chemicals (Spermicides, etc, but only when used on their own) and Other Methods (Women).

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Table 5 First contacts with women at NHS community contraceptive clinics in England, by primary method of contraception and age, 2009/10

England	Numbers / Percentages							
	All ages	Under 15	15	16-17	18-19	20-24	25-34	35 and over
All methods¹ (thousands)	887.5	20.9	34.6	112.1	107.5	203.8	241.2	167.5
LARCs total²	228.4	2.2	4.7	17.4	21.1	49.0	72.4	61.6
IU Devices	43.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	1.1	5.7	17.9	17.8
IU System	37.7	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.8	3.3	10.8	22.4
Injectable contraceptive	65.7	0.6	1.6	6.8	8.5	17.3	19.7	11.2
Implant	81.9	1.5	3.0	9.9	10.7	22.7	24.0	10.2
User dependant methods total	619.9	17.5	28.3	89.6	82.3	147.3	158.5	96.5
Oral contraceptives	392.1	6.1	13.9	50.1	53.4	105.1	107.5	55.9
Male condom	221.4	11.3	14.2	38.6	28.0	40.4	49.0	39.9
Female condom	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4
Contraceptive patch	4.9	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.7	1.5	1.6	0.3
Natural family planning	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.3
Sterilisation	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.5
Other methods³	37.0	1.1	1.6	5.0	3.9	7.2	9.7	8.6
All methods¹ (percentages)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
LARCs total²	26	11	13	16	20	24	30	37
IU Devices	5	0	0	0	1	3	7	11
IU System	4	0	0	0	1	2	4	13
Injectable contraceptive	7	3	5	6	8	9	8	7
Implant	9	7	9	9	10	11	10	6
User dependant methods total	70	84	82	80	77	72	66	58
Oral contraceptives	44	29	40	45	50	52	45	33
Male condom	25	54	41	34	26	20	20	24
Female condom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contraceptive patch	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
Natural family planning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sterilisation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other methods³	4	5	5	4	4	4	4	5

1. Totals for all methods do not include first contacts where there was no method provided or the contact was for reason other than contraception.

2. LARCs - Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives.

3. Includes Cap, Diaphragm, Other Chemicals (Spermicides, etc, but only when used on their own) and Other Methods (Women).

Source:

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Table 5A First contacts with women at NHS community contraceptive clinics in North East SHA, by primary method of contraception and age, 2009/10

England	Numbers / Percentages							
	All ages	Under 15	15	16-17	18-19	20-24	25-34	35 and over
All methods¹ (thousands)	50.1	1.8	2.7	7.1	6.5	11.9	12.0	8.0
LARCs total²	17.2	0.3	0.5	1.8	1.9	4.2	4.8	3.6
IU Devices	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.6	0.6
IU System	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.7	1.4
Injectable contraceptive	5.8	0.1	0.2	0.8	0.8	1.5	1.5	0.8
Implant	7.2	0.2	0.3	0.9	1.0	2.2	1.9	0.7
User dependant methods total	31.9	1.5	2.0	5.1	4.4	7.5	7.1	4.2
Oral contraceptives	20.8	0.5	1.0	2.9	3.0	5.5	5.1	2.8
Male condom	10.7	1.0	1.1	2.2	1.4	1.9	1.9	1.4
Female condom	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Contraceptive patch	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
Natural family planning	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sterilisation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other methods³	1.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
All methods¹ (percentages)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
LARCs total²	34	16	20	25	30	36	40	45
IU Devices	3	0	0	0	1	2	5	8
IU System	5	0	0	0	1	2	6	17
Injectable contraceptive	12	5	8	11	13	13	13	11
Implant	14	10	12	13	15	18	16	9
User dependant methods total	64	80	76	72	68	63	59	53
Oral contraceptives	42	28	36	41	46	47	43	35
Male condom	21	52	39	30	21	16	16	18
Female condom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contraceptive patch	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0
Natural family planning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sterilisation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other methods³	2	4	4	4	2	1	1	2

1. Totals for all methods do not include first contacts where there was no method provided or the contact was for reason other than contraception.

2. LARCs - Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives.

3. Includes Cap, Diaphragm, Other Chemicals (Spermicides, etc, but only when used on their own) and Other Methods (Women).

Source:

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Table 5B First contacts with women at NHS community contraceptive clinics in North West SHA, by primary method of contraception and age, 2009/10

England	Numbers / Percentages							
	All ages	Under 15	15	16-17	18-19	20-24	25-34	35 and over
All methods¹ (thousands)	159.2	4.8	7.4	22.0	21.3	38.5	38.8	26.5
LARCs total²	45.6	0.5	0.9	3.7	4.6	10.6	13.9	11.3
IU Devices	7.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	1.1	3.1	2.9
IU System	6.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.5	1.9	4.1
Injectable contraceptive	16.4	0.1	0.4	1.8	2.2	4.6	4.7	2.6
Implant	15.1	0.3	0.5	1.8	2.1	4.4	4.2	1.8
User dependant methods total	108.2	4.0	5.9	17.0	15.9	26.9	24.2	14.2
Oral contraceptives	68.9	1.2	2.6	9.4	10.4	19.6	16.9	8.7
Male condom	38.3	2.7	3.3	7.5	5.3	7.0	7.1	5.4
Female condom	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
Contraceptive patch	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.0
Natural family planning	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sterilisation	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2
Other methods³	5.1	0.3	0.5	1.2	0.8	1.0	0.6	0.7
All methods¹ (percentages)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
LARCs total²	29	10	13	17	22	28	36	43
IU Devices	5	0	0	0	1	3	8	11
IU System	4	0	0	0	1	1	5	15
Injectable contraceptive	10	3	5	8	10	12	12	10
Implant	9	6	7	8	10	11	11	7
User dependant methods total	68	83	81	78	75	70	62	54
Oral contraceptives	43	26	36	43	49	51	44	33
Male condom	24	57	44	34	25	18	18	20
Female condom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contraceptive patch	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
Natural family planning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sterilisation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Other methods³	3	7	7	6	4	2	2	3

1. Totals for all methods do not include first contacts where there was no method provided or the contact was for reason other than contraception.

2. LARCs - Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives.

3. Includes Cap, Diaphragm, Other Chemicals (Spermicides, etc, but only when used on their own) and Other Methods (Women).

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Table 5C First contacts with women at NHS community contraceptive clinics in Yorkshire & the Humber SHA, by primary method of contraception and age, 2009/10

England	Numbers / Percentages							
	All ages	Under 15	15	16-17	18-19	20-24	25-34	35 and over
All methods¹ (thousands)	92.7	3.8	4.7	14.2	13.9	21.7	20.5	13.9
LARCs total²	24.0	0.4	0.7	2.5	2.7	5.7	6.9	5.3
IU Devices	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.6	1.7	1.5
IU System	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.8	1.8
Injectable contraceptive	6.6	0.1	0.3	0.9	0.9	1.8	1.7	0.9
Implant	10.6	0.3	0.4	1.5	1.6	3.0	2.7	1.1
User dependant methods total	65.4	3.3	3.8	11.2	10.9	15.5	13.0	7.8
Oral contraceptives	37.1	0.8	1.8	5.9	6.2	10.3	7.8	4.3
Male condom	28.0	2.5	2.0	5.2	4.6	5.1	5.1	3.4
Female condom	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Contraceptive patch	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
Natural family planning	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sterilisation	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Other methods³	3.1	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.7
All methods¹ (percentages)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
LARCs total²	26	10	15	17	19	26	34	38
IU Devices	4	0	0	0	1	3	8	11
IU System	3	0	0	0	0	1	4	13
Injectable contraceptive	7	3	6	6	7	8	8	7
Implant	11	7	9	11	11	14	13	8
User dependant methods total	71	87	81	79	78	71	63	56
Oral contraceptives	40	22	39	41	44	47	38	31
Male condom	30	65	42	37	33	24	25	25
Female condom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contraceptive patch	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Natural family planning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sterilisation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Other methods³	3	3	4	4	2	2	3	5

1. Totals for all methods do not include first contacts where there was no method provided or the contact was for reason other than contraception.

2. LARCs - Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives.

3. Includes Cap, Diaphragm, Other Chemicals (Spermicides, etc, but only when used on their own) and Other Methods (Women).

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Table 5D First contacts with women at NHS community contraceptive clinics in East Midlands SHA, by primary method of contraception and age, 2009/10

England	Numbers / Percentages							
	All ages	Under 15	15	16-17	18-19	20-24	25-34	35 and over
All methods¹ (thousands)	50.2	0.9	1.9	7.3	6.5	11.2	12.1	10.4
LARCs total²	15.9	0.2	0.4	1.4	1.5	3.3	4.6	4.4
IU Devices	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	1.2	1.4
IU System	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.8	1.7
Injectable contraceptive	3.5	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.5	1.0	0.9	0.6
Implant	6.5	0.1	0.3	0.9	0.9	1.8	1.8	0.8
User dependant methods total	32.5	0.7	1.4	5.7	4.7	7.4	7.1	5.5
Oral contraceptives	21.5	0.4	0.9	3.6	3.4	5.7	4.7	2.9
Male condom	10.4	0.3	0.5	1.8	1.3	1.6	2.2	2.6
Female condom	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Contraceptive patch	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
Natural family planning	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sterilisation	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other methods³	1.7	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.4
All methods¹ (percentages)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
LARCs total²	32	21	22	20	23	30	38	43
IU Devices	6	1	0	1	1	3	10	13
IU System	6	3	2	1	1	2	6	16
Injectable contraceptive	7	5	5	5	8	9	7	6
Implant	13	12	16	13	13	16	15	8
User dependant methods total	65	76	75	78	73	66	59	53
Oral contraceptives	43	39	46	50	52	51	39	28
Male condom	21	36	28	25	20	14	18	25
Female condom	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Contraceptive patch	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
Natural family planning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sterilisation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other methods³	3	3	3	2	3	4	3	4

1. Totals for all methods do not include first contacts where there was no method provided or the contact was for reason other than contraception.

2. LARCs - Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives.

3. Includes Cap, Diaphragm, Other Chemicals (Spermicides, etc, but only when used on their own) and Other Methods (Women).

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Table 5E First contacts with women at NHS community contraceptive clinics in West Midlands SHA, by primary method of contraception and age, 2009/10

England	Numbers / Percentages							
	All ages	Under 15	15	16-17	18-19	20-24	25-34	35 and over
All methods¹ (thousands)	81.4	2.0	3.5	11.3	10.0	17.5	21.0	16.1
LARCs total²	16.9	0.1	0.3	1.3	1.5	3.6	5.4	4.5
IU Devices	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	1.2	1.3
IU System	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.6	1.3
Injectable contraceptive	5.8	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.6	1.4	1.9	1.2
Implant	5.9	0.1	0.2	0.8	0.8	1.6	1.7	0.7
User dependant methods total	60.1	1.7	3.0	9.4	8.0	12.9	14.4	10.7
Oral contraceptives	31.9	0.6	1.5	4.5	4.6	8.2	8.1	4.5
Male condom	27.1	1.1	1.5	4.8	3.2	4.4	6.0	6.1
Female condom	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Contraceptive patch	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.1
Natural family planning	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.2
Sterilisation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other methods³	3.3	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.8	0.7
All methods¹ (percentages)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
LARCs total²	21	7	9	12	15	21	26	28
IU Devices	4	0	0	0	1	2	6	8
IU System	3	0	0	0	0	1	3	8
Injectable contraceptive	7	2	3	5	6	8	9	8
Implant	7	5	6	7	8	9	8	4
User dependant methods total	74	85	85	83	79	74	69	66
Oral contraceptives	39	29	41	40	46	47	39	28
Male condom	33	56	43	42	32	25	29	38
Female condom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contraceptive patch	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
Natural family planning	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1
Sterilisation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other methods³	4	7	5	4	4	4	4	4

1. Totals for all methods do not include first contacts where there was no method provided or the contact was for reason other than contraception.

2. LARCs - Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives.

3. Includes Cap, Diaphragm, Other Chemicals (Spermicides, etc, but only when used on their own) and Other Methods (Women).

Source:

KT31 return, The NHS Information Centre

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Table 5F First contacts with women at NHS community contraceptive clinics in East of England SHA, by primary method of contraception and age, 2009/10

England	Numbers / Percentages							
	All ages	Under 15	15	16-17	18-19	20-24	25-34	35 and over
All methods¹ (thousands)	62.9	1.3	2.8	9.6	8.9	15.0	15.0	10.5
LARCs total²	14.2	0.1	0.2	0.9	1.3	3.0	4.3	4.4
IU Devices	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.9	1.0
IU System	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.7	2.0
Injectable contraceptive	4.4	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.6	1.3	1.2	0.7
Implant	4.6	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.6	1.3	1.4	0.7
User dependant methods total	47.1	1.2	2.4	8.3	7.2	11.8	10.4	5.8
Oral contraceptives	34.0	0.5	1.3	5.1	5.4	9.5	8.1	4.1
Male condom	13.0	0.7	1.1	3.2	1.8	2.2	2.3	1.6
Female condom	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Contraceptive patch	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Natural family planning	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sterilisation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other methods³	1.6	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3
All methods¹ (percentages)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
LARCs total²	23	4	8	10	15	20	29	42
IU Devices	3	0	0	0	1	1	6	9
IU System	5	0	0	0	0	2	5	19
Injectable contraceptive	7	3	3	5	7	8	8	7
Implant	7	1	5	5	7	8	10	7
User dependant methods total	75	91	87	87	82	78	70	55
Oral contraceptives	54	38	47	53	61	63	54	39
Male condom	21	53	40	33	21	15	15	16
Female condom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contraceptive patch	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Natural family planning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sterilisation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other methods³	2	5	5	4	3	2	1	3

1. Totals for all methods do not include first contacts where there was no method provided or the contact was for reason other than contraception.

2. LARCs - Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives.

3. Includes Cap, Diaphragm, Other Chemicals (Spermicides, etc, but only when used on their own) and Other Methods (Women).

Source:

KT31 return, The NHS Information Centre

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Table 5G First contacts with women at NHS community contraceptive clinics in London SHA, by primary method of contraception and age, 2009/10

England	Numbers / Percentages							
	All ages	Under 15	15	16-17	18-19	20-24	25-34	35 and over
All methods¹ (thousands)	224.0	1.8	3.9	16.9	16.6	50.1	83.4	51.3
LARCs total²	44.2	0.1	0.3	1.7	2.2	8.1	17.5	14.3
IU Devices	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	1.6	6.2	5.9
IU System	6.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.6	2.1	3.7
Injectable contraceptive	11.9	0.1	0.2	0.7	1.0	3.0	4.5	2.5
Implant	11.8	0.1	0.1	0.8	0.9	3.0	4.8	2.1
User dependant methods total	164.5	1.6	3.3	14.1	13.5	39.1	60.1	32.8
Oral contraceptives	103.9	0.6	1.6	7.6	8.5	26.5	40.1	19.0
Male condom	58.4	0.9	1.7	6.3	4.8	12.0	19.0	13.6
Female condom	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1
Contraceptive patch	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.7	0.1
Natural family planning	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sterilisation	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Other methods³	15.1	0.1	0.2	1.1	0.9	2.8	5.8	4.1
All methods¹ (percentages)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
LARCs total²	20	7	9	10	13	16	21	28
IU Devices	6	1	0	0	1	3	7	12
IU System	3	0	0	0	1	1	2	7
Injectable contraceptive	5	3	4	4	6	6	5	5
Implant	5	3	4	5	5	6	6	4
User dependant methods total	73	85	86	84	81	78	72	64
Oral contraceptives	46	35	42	45	51	53	48	37
Male condom	26	49	43	38	29	24	23	27
Female condom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contraceptive patch	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Natural family planning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sterilisation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other methods³	7	8	5	7	5	6	7	8

1. Totals for all methods do not include first contacts where there was no method provided or the contact was for reason other than contraception.

2. LARCs - Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives.

3. Includes Cap, Diaphragm, Other Chemicals (Spermicides, etc, but only when used on their own) and Other Methods (Women).

Source:

KT31 return, The NHS Information Centre

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Table 5H First contacts with women at NHS community contraceptive clinics in South East Coast SHA, by primary method of contraception and age, 2009/10

England	Numbers / Percentages							
	All ages	Under 15	15	16-17	18-19	20-24	25-34	35 and over
All methods¹ (thousands)	53.2	1.3	2.3	7.4	7.2	12.4	12.1	10.4
LARCs total²	11.7	0.1	0.2	0.8	1.0	2.4	3.2	3.9
IU Devices	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.7	1.0
IU System	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.6	1.8
Injectable contraceptive	3.1	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.9	0.8	0.5
Implant	3.9	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.5	1.1	1.1	0.6
User dependant methods total	38.2	1.1	2.0	6.3	5.9	9.3	8.1	5.6
Oral contraceptives	26.8	0.5	1.1	4.0	4.1	7.1	6.2	3.8
Male condom	11.3	0.6	0.9	2.3	1.8	2.2	1.8	1.8
Female condom	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Contraceptive patch	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Natural family planning	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sterilisation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other methods³	3.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.8	0.9
All methods¹ (percentages)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
LARCs total²	22	11	10	11	13	20	27	37
IU Devices	4	0	0	0	1	2	6	10
IU System	5	0	0	0	1	2	5	17
Injectable contraceptive	6	4	3	5	5	7	7	5
Implant	7	7	7	6	7	9	9	5
User dependant methods total	72	83	85	85	82	75	67	54
Oral contraceptives	50	38	48	54	57	57	51	36
Male condom	21	44	37	31	25	18	15	17
Female condom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contraceptive patch	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Natural family planning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sterilisation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other methods³	6	6	5	4	4	5	7	9

1. Totals for all methods do not include first contacts where there was no method provided or the contact was for reason other than contraception.

2. LARCs - Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives.

3. Includes Cap, Diaphragm, Other Chemicals (Spermicides, etc, but only when used on their own) and Other Methods (Women).

Source:

KT31 return, The NHS Information Centre

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Table 5I First contacts with women at NHS community contraceptive clinics in South Central SHA, by primary method of contraception and age, 2009/10

England	Numbers / Percentages							
	All ages	Under 15	15	16-17	18-19	20-24	25-34	35 and over
All methods¹ (thousands)	56.7	1.6	2.7	7.9	8.7	12.4	14.1	9.3
LARCs total²	17.8	0.2	0.4	1.5	2.5	3.4	6.0	3.7
IU Devices	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.3	1.1	0.7
IU System	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	1.4	1.6
Injectable contraceptive	4.8	0.0	0.1	0.4	1.0	1.0	1.6	0.7
Implant	7.1	0.2	0.3	1.0	1.2	1.8	1.9	0.7
User dependant methods total	38.1	1.3	2.2	6.3	6.2	8.9	7.9	5.4
Oral contraceptives	25.5	0.5	1.2	3.8	4.5	6.9	5.8	2.8
Male condom	12.2	0.8	1.0	2.4	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.4
Female condom	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Contraceptive patch	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0
Natural family planning	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sterilisation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other methods³	0.7	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2
All methods¹ (percentages)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
LARCs total²	31	14	15	19	28	27	43	40
IU Devices	4	0	0	0	2	2	8	8
IU System	6	1	1	1	2	3	10	17
Injectable contraceptive	8	1	2	6	11	8	12	7
Implant	13	12	12	12	14	14	14	8
User dependant methods total	67	84	82	79	71	72	56	58
Oral contraceptives	45	32	45	48	51	55	41	30
Male condom	22	51	37	31	19	16	14	25
Female condom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Contraceptive patch	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Natural family planning	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sterilisation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other methods³	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2

1. Totals for all methods do not include first contacts where there was no method provided or the contact was for reason other than contraception.

2. LARCs - Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives.

3. Includes Cap, Diaphragm, Other Chemicals (Spermicides, etc, but only when used on their own) and Other Methods (Women).

Source:

KT31 return, The NHS Information Centre

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Table 5J First contacts with women at NHS community contraceptive clinics in South West SHA, by primary method of contraception and age, 2009/10

England	Numbers / Percentages							
	All ages	Under 15	15	16-17	18-19	20-24	25-34	35 and over
All methods¹ (thousands)	57.1	1.5	2.8	8.5	7.9	13.2	12.2	11.1
LARCs total²	21.0	0.2	0.5	1.8	1.9	4.6	5.8	6.1
IU Devices	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.6	1.4	1.4
IU System	4.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	1.1	3.0
Injectable contraceptive	3.5	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.5	1.0	0.9	0.6
Implant	9.3	0.2	0.4	1.3	1.3	2.6	2.4	1.1
User dependant methods total	33.8	1.2	2.1	6.2	5.6	7.9	6.2	4.5
Oral contraceptives	21.6	0.4	0.9	3.4	3.5	5.9	4.6	2.9
Male condom	12.0	0.8	1.2	2.8	2.1	2.0	1.5	1.6
Female condom	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Contraceptive patch	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Natural family planning	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sterilisation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other methods³	2.3	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.3
All methods¹ (percentages)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
LARCs total²	37	15	19	21	24	35	47	56
IU Devices	6	0	0	1	1	4	11	13
IU System	8	0	0	0	1	3	9	27
Injectable contraceptive	6	2	4	5	6	8	7	5
Implant	16	13	15	15	16	20	20	10
User dependant methods total	59	79	77	74	71	60	50	41
Oral contraceptives	38	29	33	40	44	45	38	26
Male condom	21	50	43	33	26	15	12	15
Female condom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contraceptive patch	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Natural family planning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sterilisation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other methods³	4	5	4	5	5	5	2	3

1. Totals for all methods do not include first contacts where there was no method provided or the contact was for reason other than contraception.

2. LARCs - Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives.

3. Includes Cap, Diaphragm, Other Chemicals (Spermicides, etc, but only when used on their own) and Other Methods (Women).

Source:

KT31 return, The NHS Information Centre

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Table 6 Number of contacts for emergency contraceptives at NHS community contraception clinics, by type, 1997/98 to 2009/10

England	All ages			Thousands
	Total occasions	Hormonal	IU Device	Under 16's
1997/98	209.8	205.1	4.6	22.7
1998/99	217.1	211.1	6.0	21.9
1999/00	236.4	230.9	5.5	23.1
2000/01	234.9	229.7	5.2	25.6
2001/02	198.5	193.4	5.1	26.0
2002/03	191.6	187.0	4.6	27.0
2003/04	187.4	183.2	4.2	26.9
2004/05	178.5	174.1	4.5	24.5
2005/06	169.3	164.5	4.8	22.1
2006/07	158.1	153.1	5.0	21.4
2007/08	135.9	131.8	4.1	18.4
2008/09	142.5	137.8	4.7	17.6
2009/10	143.6	137.0	6.6	16.3

Source:

KT31 return form, The NHS Information Centre

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Table 7 Number of contacts for emergency contraceptives at NHS community contraception clinics, by type and age, 2009/10

England	Thousands		
	Total	Hormonal	IU Device
All ages	143.6	137.0	6.6
Under 15	5.5	5.5	0.1
15	10.7	10.6	0.1
16-17	29.0	28.6	0.4
18-19	24.2	23.7	0.5
20-24	36.6	35.1	1.5
25-34	25.9	23.6	2.3
35 and over	11.6	10.0	1.6

Source:

KT31 return form, The NHS Information Centre

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Table 8 First contacts with men at NHS community contraceptive clinics, 1997/98 to 2009/10

England	Thousands / Percentages			
	Total number of first contacts	Male condom	Vasectomy (numbers)	Vasectomy ¹ (percentage)
1997/98	79.3	63.0	10.7	14
1998/99	81.3	64.8	10.8	13
1999/00	83.7	66.5	10.6	13
2000/01	84.7	68.9	9.8	12
2001/02	92.3	74.9	8.5	9
2002/03	93.1	76.6	8.4	9
2003/04	104.3	86.3	8.2	8
2004/05	98.8	80.1	8.2	7
2005/06	103.1	82.6	8.2	6
2006/07	116.9	95.1	4.6	4
2007/08	122.7	89.2	5.2	4
2008/09	139.6	97.9	3.6	3
2009/10	161.8	108.5	8.8	5

1. Percentage of total first contacts.

Source:

KT31 return form, The NHS Information Centre

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Table 9 Clinic sessions for people aged under 25, 1997/98 to 2009/10

England	Thousands	
	Number of clinic sessions	Total contacts in young persons clinics
1997/98	21.1	260.2
1998/99	22.6	284.3
1999/00	24.9	319.0
2000/01	27.3	339.6
2001/02	31.0	365.5
2002/03	32.6	394.9
2003/04	33.4	422.0
2004/05	33.9	421.7
2005/06	37.0	481.9
2006/07	40.5	473.5
2007/08	44.0	472.4
2008/09	47.6	579.1
2009/10	55.1	599.6

Source:

KT31 return form, The NHS Information Centre

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Table 10 Total contacts at NHS community contraception clinics, first contacts and domiciliary visits, 1997/98 to 2009/10

England		Numbers / Percentages			
	Clinic contacts			Domiciliary visits	
	Total number of contacts	First contacts (thousands)	Estimated average number of contacts per client per year	Number (thousands)	Percentage of contacts ¹
1997/98	2,580	1,272	2.0	23	0.9
1998/99	2,563	1,254	2.0	19	0.7
1999/00	2,571	1,271	2.0	16	0.6
2000/01	2,596	1,274	2.0	14	0.5
2001/02	2,585	1,288	2.0	12	0.5
2002/03	2,594	1,276	2.0	9	0.4
2003/04	2,632	1,291	2.0	9	0.3
2004/05	2,564	1,261	2.0	9	0.3
2005/06	2,562	1,249	2.1	9	0.4
2006/07	2,476	1,249	2.0	12	0.5
2007/08	2,478	1,233	2.0	13	0.5
2008/09	2,542	1,317	1.9	14	0.6
2009/10	2,572	1,347	1.9	19	0.7

1. Previously this column has been incorrectly labelled 'Percentage of first contacts'.

Source:

KT31 return form, The NHS Information Centre

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Table 11 All operations¹ count of episodes² for sterilisations and vasectomies, by age 2008/09³

England	Numbers / Percentages			
	Sterilisations		Vasectomies	
	Numbers (thousands)	percentage ⁴	Numbers (thousands)	percentage ⁴
All ages⁶	17.6	100	14.4	100
under 20	0.0	0	0.0	0
20-24	0.4	2	0.1	1
25-29	2.6	15	0.8	6
30-34	4.3	25	2.3	17
35-39	5.6	33	4.6	33
40-44	3.4	20	3.7	27
45-49	0.6	4	1.7	12
50 and over	0.1	0	0.7	5
Age not known	0.5		8.2 ⁵	

1. Includes main and secondary procedures.

2. A finished consultant episode (FCE) is defined as a continuous period of admitted patient care under one consultant within one healthcare provider. FCEs are counted against the year in which they end. Please note that the figures do not represent the number of different patients, as a person may have more than one episode of care within the same stay in hospital or in different stays in the same year.

3. 2008/09 data is the latest available at time of publication.

4. Based on cases with known age.

5. Includes all vasectomies at outpatient and NHS community contraceptive clinics for which age is not recorded.

6. Includes Hospital Episodes Statistics data where age is not known and excludes KT31 data.

Sources:

Hospital Episodes Statistics, The NHS Information Centre
KT31 return form, The NHS Information Centre

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Table 12 Contraceptive prescription items^{1,2} dispensed in the community, 1997/98 to 2009/10

England	Thousands												
	1997/98	1998/99	1999/00	2000/01	2001/02	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2005/06	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10
LARCs total³	702	793	887	985	1,083	1,101	1,159	1,225	1,195	1,163	1,140	1,147	1,177
IU devices	79	76	72	62	56	49	46	43	43	84	94	103	114
IU system	23	32	38	44	52	56	62	67	76	41	40	41	41
Injectable contraceptive	599	684	776	874	968	988	1,038	1,099	1,052	1,000	954	932	921
Implant	1	1	1	5	7	8	13	16	23	38	52	70	101
User dependant methods⁴	7,768	7,657	7,706	7,771	7,593	7,531	7,534	7,517	7,536	7,577	7,643	7,718	7,669
Oral contraceptives - total	7,094	6,995	7,081	7,141	7,102	7,085	7,118	7,139	7,189	7,254	7,347	7,438	7,342
combined preparation	6,301	6,175	6,209	6,238	6,165	6,093	6,067	6,028	5,953	5,876	5,827	5,744	5,508
progestogen-only	793	819	872	903	937	993	1,052	1,111	1,236	1,378	1,520	1,694	1,835
Fertility thermometer	2	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Emergency hormonal contraception	553	560	537	555	428	386	373	342	315	299	277	265	253
Diaphragm	35	31	27	23	19	16	13	11	11	7	6	5	4
Spermicides	84	70	60	51	43	43	30	25	20	17	12	10	10

1. Prescriptions are written on a prescription form. Each single item written on the form is counted as a prescription item.

2. Prescription information is taken from the Prescription Cost Analysis (PCA) system, supplied by the Prescription Services Division of the NHS Business Services Authority (BSA), and is based on a full analysis of all prescriptions dispensed in the community i.e. by community pharmacists and appliance contractors, dispensing doctors, and prescriptions submitted by prescribing doctors for items personally administered in England. Also included are prescriptions written in Wales, Scotland, Northern Ireland and the Isle of Man but dispensed in England. The data do not cover drugs dispensed in hospitals, including mental health trusts, or private prescriptions.

Prescribers are GPs, nurses, dentists and hospital doctors.

3. LARCs - Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives.

4. In 2009/10 the Ortho Evra contraceptive patch and NuvaRing are included within the 'User dependant methods' total but are excluded from the 'Oral contraceptives - total' and the relative breakdown. Previously the Ortho Evra contraceptive patch was included within the 'combined preparation' total and NuvaRing within the 'progestogen-only' total.

Source:

Prescription Cost Analysis (PCA) from NHS Prescription Services Division of the Business Service Authority.

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Table 13 Selected information on NHS community contraceptive clinic services by Strategic Health Authority area 2009/10

	England										
	England	North East	North West	Yorkshire & the Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East of England	London	South East Coast	South Central	South West
First contacts with women (thousands)											
All ages	1,184.7	71.2	210.4	121.0	67.9	116.6	92.7	291.9	62.6	76.8	73.7
First contacts with women (rate per 100 population)¹											
All ages	10.7	13.2	14.5	10.7	7.3	10.2	7.8	15.1	7.1	8.8	7.2
under 15	4.6	9.2	8.0	7.7	2.4	4.1	2.9	3.0	2.9	4.0	3.3
15	14.3	24.2	22.2	19.2	8.7	14.8	10.3	11.5	9.8	13.3	11.0
16-17	22.5	30.3	31.3	27.5	16.6	23.3	18.5	23.9	15.4	19.6	16.4
18-19	20.6	24.5	28.6	23.4	13.9	20.1	17.9	22.8	15.3	20.8	15.1
20-24	15.0	16.6	19.7	13.7	9.9	13.9	12.1	21.5	11.7	12.9	10.4
25-35	9.6	11.0	12.2	8.2	6.5	8.8	6.5	14.7	5.9	7.6	5.7
35 and over	6.6	7.7	8.4	5.4	4.5	6.1	4.4	12.2	4.0	4.5	4.1
Primary method of contraception (percentages)											
All methods² (thousands=100%)	887.5	50.1	159.2	92.7	50.2	81.4	62.9	224.0	53.2	56.7	57.1
LARCs³ total	26	34	29	26	32	21	23	20	22	31	37
IU Devices	5	3	5	4	6	4	3	6	4	4	6
IU System	4	5	4	3	6	3	5	3	5	6	8
Injectable contraceptive	7	12	10	7	7	7	7	5	6	8	6
Implant	9	14	9	11	13	7	7	5	7	13	16
User dependant methods total	70	64	68	71	65	74	75	73	72	67	59
Oral contraceptives	44	42	43	40	43	39	54	46	50	45	38
Male condom	25	21	24	30	21	33	21	26	21	22	21
Female condom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Contraceptive patch	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
Natural family planning	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Sterilisation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other methods⁴	4	2	3	3	3	4	2	7	6	1	4
First contacts with men (thousands)											
All ages	161.8	6.3	27.8	17.1	8.8	17.7	10.7	37.6	4.0	16.4	15.4

1. First contacts can be with females of any age. In order to calculate a 'rate per 100 population', population data uses a lower age limit of 13 and an upper age limit of 44. 'Under 15' uses the population of females aged 13-14. 'Under 16' uses the population of females aged 13-15. '35 and over' uses the population of females aged 35-44.

2. Totals for all methods do not include first contacts where there was no method provided or the contact was for reasons other than contraception. The percentages for each method are based on these totals, not the overall total number of first contacts.

3. LARCs - Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives.

4. Includes Cap, Diaphragm, Other Chemicals (Spermicides, etc, but only when used on their own) and Other Methods (Women).

Source:

KT 31 return form, The NHS Information Centre

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Table 14 Contacts by provider 2009/10

England		Thousands				
		Clinic Attendances	Domiciliary Visits	No. of First Contacts - Female	Emergency Contraceptives Total	No. of First Contacts - Male
England		2,553.0	19.0	1,184.7	143.6	161.8
North East Strategic Health Authority area	Q30	131.9	3.5	71.2	6.2	6.3
City Hospitals Sunderland NHS Foundation Trust	RLN	14.0	-	6.2	1.7	0.4
County Durham PCT*	5ND	22.9	2.6	12.7	0.4	0.9
Gateshead PCT	5KF	9.1	0.4	4.0	0.1	0.6
Hartlepool PCT	5D9	6.9	-	3.0	0.1	0.5
Middlesbrough PCT*	5KM	16.5	-	7.6	0.5	1.5
Newcastle PCT	5D7	17.8	0.5	8.1	1.1	0.4
Stockton-On-Tees Teaching PCT	5E1	8.9	-	4.8	0.3	0.2
North Tyneside PCT	5D8	11.2	-	10.7	0.9	0.4
Northumberland Care Trust	TAC	9.7	0.0	6.1	0.4	0.6
South Tyneside PCT	5KG	12.8	-	7.6	0.5	0.4
Stockton Brook		2.0	-	0.5	0.0	0.4
North West Strategic Health Authority area	Q31	500.7	1.1	210.4	32.6	27.8
Ashton, Leigh & Wigan PCT	5HG	14.7	-	7.6	0.2	0.5
Blackburn with Darwen PCT*	5CC	9.9	-	3.8	0.2	0.6
Blackpool PCT*	5HP	22.5	-	9.9	1.7	2.1
Bolton PCT*	5HQ	13.8	-	5.1	0.6	0.6
Bury PCT	5JX	6.1	-	2.8	0.4	0.4
Central & Eastern Cheshire PCT	5NP	18.8	0.0	9.4	0.3	0.7
Central Lancashire PCT	5NG	26.0	-	13.0	1.4	1.7
Cumbria PCT	5NE	14.8	0.0	7.2	0.4	1.0
East Lancashire Teaching PCT	5NH	12.0	-	4.2	0.2	0.6
Halton & St Helens PCT	5NM	19.3	-	7.4	0.8	0.8
Heywood, Middleton & Rochdale PCT	5NQ	7.3	-	2.4	0.3	0.5
Knowsley PCT	5J4	9.0	-	4.8	0.5	0.6
Liverpool PCT	5NL	54.1	0.1	31.4	5.1	3.8
Manchester PCT*	5NT	49.2	-	27.5	1.5	1.8
North Lancashire Teaching PCT	5NF	5.6	0.0	2.2	0.0	0.2
Oldham PCT	5J5	9.5	0.5	3.2	0.1	0.3
Salford PCT	5F5	10.3	-	5.1	0.4	0.9
Sefton PCT	5NJ	22.3	-	13.4	1.3	0.5
Southport & Ormskirk Hospital NHS Trust	RVY	0.1	-	-	0.1	-
Stockport PCT	5F7	16.1	-	7.1	1.9	0.2
Tameside & Glossop PCT	5LH	7.8	-	4.3	0.3	0.5
Trafford Healthcare NHS Trust*	RM4	8.4	0.4	4.8	0.1	0.1
Warrington PCT	5J2	13.0	-	3.1	0.9	0.3
West Cheshire PCT	5NN	10.1	-	2.1	0.2	0.2
Wirral PCT	5NK	24.2	-	14.0	2.4	1.8
Wrightington, Wigan and Leigh NHS Foundation Trust	RRF	0.7	-	-	-	0.3
Wirral Brook ¹		10.8	-	1.9	2.0	0.7
Blackburn Brook		13.2	-	1.3	1.4	0.5
Burnley Brook		8.4	-	1.3	0.7	0.4
Liverpool Brook		22.6	-	3.9	2.9	1.9
Manchester Brook		15.9	-	3.1	1.4	1.4
Pennine Brook ²		14.4	-	2.0	1.6	1.2
Wigan & Leigh Brook ³		10.0	-	1.3	1.3	0.7
Yorkshire & the Humber Strategic Health Authority area	Q32	282.4	2.5	121.0	14.9	17.1
Barnsley PCT	5JE	24.1	0.0	7.2	0.7	2.2
Bradford & Airedale Teaching PCT	5NY	22.6	-	11.8	1.2	1.3
Calderdale and Huddersfield NHS Foundation Trust	RWY	11.2	-	5.3	0.9	0.2
Doncaster PCT	5N5	24.5	1.8	21.6	1.8	2.9
Harrogate & District NHS Foundation Trust	RCD	1.5	-	0.6	0.0	0.0
Hull Teaching PCT*	5NX	31.0	0.5	13.8	2.0	1.1
Kirklees PCT	5N2	20.1	-	6.7	1.0	1.2
Leeds PCT	5N1	18.5	-	13.4	1.5	1.3
North Lincolnshire PCT	5EF	5.2	-	1.3	0.1	0.9
North Yorkshire & York PCT	5NV	5.4	-	2.0	0.0	0.5
Northern Lincolnshire and Goole Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust	RJL	3.9	-	1.6	0.1	0.1
Rotherham PCT	5H8	18.1	0.0	6.9	1.0	1.1
Sheffield PCT	5N4	67.8	0.2	17.1	2.9	3.5
Wakefield District PCT	5N3	16.8	-	5.7	1.0	0.5
York Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust*	RCB	11.6	-	6.0	0.8	0.4

Table 14 Contacts by provider 2009/10 - Continued

England		Thousands				
		Clinic Attendances	Domiciliary Visits	No. of First Contacts - Female	Emergency Contraceptives Total	No. of First Contacts - Male
England		2,553.0	19.0	1,184.7	143.6	161.8
East Midlands Strategic Health Authority area	Q33	141.8	0.0	67.9	4.8	8.8
Bassetlaw PCT	5ET	5.3	-	1.4	0.1	0.2
Derby City PCT	5N7	7.2	-	3.5	0.2	0.3
Derbyshire County PCT	5N6	25.0	-	11.4	0.4	2.1
Lincolnshire Teaching PCT	5N9	10.4	-	5.2	0.2	0.6
Northamptonshire Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust	RP1	12.6	-	8.2	0.6	0.5
Nottingham City PCT*	5EM	41.3	-	19.0	2.2	2.8
Nottinghamshire County Teaching PCT	5N8	20.3	0.0	9.0	0.4	0.4
University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust*	RWE	19.6	-	10.2	0.6	2.0
West Midlands Strategic Health Authority area	Q34	254.1	0.8	116.6	15.6	17.7
Birmingham East & North PCT	5PG	9.8	-	6.5	1.1	0.6
Coventry Teaching PCT	5MD	6.1	-	3.5	0.3	0.6
Dudley PCT	5PE	9.0	0.0	4.9	0.3	0.6
Heart of Birmingham Teaching PCT	5MX	13.6	-	9.1	1.8	0.6
Herefordshire PCT	5CN	4.0	-	2.4	0.1	0.1
Sandwell PCT	5PF	25.3	0.2	10.1	1.2	1.1
Solihull Care Trust	TAM	10.3	-	1.7	0.3	0.4
South Birmingham PCT	5M1	7.4	-	4.7	1.1	0.4
South Staffordshire PCT	5PK	25.1	-	17.3	1.9	0.3
Stoke on Trent Teaching PCT*	5PJ	24.5	-	11.4	0.9	1.2
Telford & Wrekin PCT*	5MK	7.3	-	3.9	0.4	0.4
Walsall Teaching PCT	5M3	15.6	-	7.3	0.7	1.3
Warwickshire PCT	5PM	11.9	-	5.7	0.2	0.6
Wolverhampton City PCT	5MV	18.0	-	6.9	0.6	1.1
Worcestershire PCT	5PL	23.8	0.5	11.8	1.1	1.2
Birmingham Brook		35.9	-	8.0	3.2	6.3
Sandwell & Dudley Brook		6.5	-	1.4	0.5	0.8
East of England Strategic Health Authority area	Q35	179.1	3.5	92.7	8.3	10.7
Cambridgeshire PCT	5PP	3.8	-	3.0	0.1	0.1
East & North Hertfordshire PCT	5P3	18.1	-	12.1	0.6	0.8
Colchester Hospital University NHS Foundation Trust	RDE	10.8	-	5.8	0.3	0.4
Great Yarmouth & Waveney Teaching PCT	5PR	12.0	2.3	6.3	0.8	1.7
Ipswich Hospital NHS Trust	RGQ	0.2	-	0.1	-	-
Luton and Dunstable Hospital NHS Foundation Trust	RC9	1.1	-	0.8	0.1	-
Luton PCT	5GC	5.3	-	3.8	0.0	0.3
Mid Essex PCT	5PX	4.1	-	3.6	0.1	0.5
Norfolk and Norwich University Hospital NHS Foundation Trust	RM1	14.4	-	7.8	0.8	0.2
Norfolk PCT	5PQ	4.4	-	2.1	0.1	0.5
Peterborough PCT	5PN	10.7	0.4	2.4	0.1	1.1
South East Essex PCT	5P1	35.5	0.8	14.3	2.3	1.8
South West Essex Teaching PCT	5PY	13.9	-	8.7	0.4	1.5
Suffolk PCT	5PT	18.1	0.1	8.5	1.3	0.7
The Princess Alexandra Hospital NHS Trust	RQW	5.6	0.0	2.6	0.2	0.1
West Essex PCT	5PV	7.7	-	4.2	0.7	1.3
West Hertfordshire Hospitals NHS Trust	RWG	13.6	-	6.5	0.3	0.0

Table 14 Contacts by provider 2009/10 - Continued

England		Thousands				
		Clinic Attendances	Domiciliary Visits	No. of First Contacts - Female	Emergency Contraceptives Total	No. of First Contacts - Male
England		2,553.0	19.0	1,184.7	143.6	161.8
London Strategic Health Authority area	Q36	550.2	5.4	291.9	36.4	37.6
Barking, Havering and Redbridge University Hospitals NHS Trust	RF4	18.9	-	9.4	0.8	0.6
Barnet PCT	5A9	16.1	-	8.5	0.8	0.4
Barts & the London NHS Trust	RNJ	3.1	-	2.1	0.2	0.0
Bexley Care Trust	TAK	3.2	-	1.3	0.2	0.4
Brent Teaching PCT	5K5	9.7	-	7.6	0.4	0.1
Bromley PCT	5A7	8.6	0.0	6.5	0.3	1.8
Camden PCT*	5K7	36.8	-	30.4	1.7	0.2
City and Hackney Teaching PCT	5C3	13.0	5.0	8.0	0.2	1.0
Croydon PCT	5K9	11.5	0.0	6.5	0.8	0.6
Ealing PCT	5HX	20.6	-	10.5	0.7	0.5
Enfield PCT	5C1	13.3	-	6.8	0.7	0.6
Greenwich Teaching PCT	5A8	19.8	-	12.0	1.0	1.9
Hammersmith & Fulham PCT	5H1	11.1	-	6.8	0.4	0.0
Haringey Teaching PCT	5C9	11.1	-	7.1	0.5	0.4
Hillingdon PCT	5AT	15.5	-	13.9	5.2	1.6
Homerton University Hospital NHS Foundation Trust	RQX	22.5	-	1.6	0.6	-
Hounslow PCT	5HY	17.3	-	4.3	5.4	1.9
Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust	RYJ	2.6	-	2.1	1.0	0.4
Kensington & Chelsea PCT	5LA	20.6	-	12.1	1.0	0.2
King's College Hospital NHS Foundation Trust	RJZ	27.5	-	14.3	0.9	8.8
Kingston PCT	5A5	2.1	-	1.1	0.1	0.1
Lambeth PCT	5LD	23.0	0.0	11.8	0.8	5.1
Lewisham PCT	5LF	61.0	0.0	23.8	3.5	5.3
Newham PCT	5C5	13.6	-	6.6	0.6	0.3
North West London Hospitals NHS Trust*	RV8	15.0	-	6.2	1.4	1.2
Richmond & Twickenham PCT	5M6	3.6	-	3.5	0.2	0.1
Royal Free Hampstead NHS Trust	RAL	1.4	-	1.3	0.1	-
Southwark PCT	5LE	15.2	-	9.7	1.1	0.6
Sutton & Merton PCT	5M7	17.7	0.2	11.0	0.7	0.4
Tower Hamlets PCT	5C4	26.4	0.0	6.8	0.2	1.2
Waltham Forest PCT	5NC	17.6	0.0	11.1	0.5	0.3
Wandsworth PCT	5LG	21.8	0.1	19.5	1.0	0.2
Westminster PCT	5LC	3.9	-	2.5	0.1	0.0
London Brook		25.2	-	5.1	3.2	1.3
South East Coast Strategic Health Authority area	Q37	153.3	0.3	62.6	4.8	4.0
East Sussex Downs & Weald PCT	5P7	6.5	-	1.4	-	0.2
Eastern & Coastal Kent Teaching PCT*	5QA	46.5	-	18.9	1.2	1.2
Hastings & Rother PCT	5P8	6.4	-	2.1	0.3	0.1
South Downs Health NHS Trust*	RDR	11.6	-	5.3	0.7	0.6
Surrey PCT	5P5	37.5	-	14.1	1.2	0.6
West Kent PCT	5P9	17.3	-	8.0	0.6	0.7
Western Sussex Hospitals NHS Trust	RYR	27.6	0.3	12.7	0.8	0.6
South Central Strategic Health Authority area	Q38	182.0	0.7	76.8	10.6	16.4
Berkshire East Teaching PCT	5QG	26.7	-	13.8	0.6	8.4
Buckinghamshire PCT*	5QD	8.0	-	2.4	0.2	0.0
Hampshire PCT	5QC	8.9	-	5.3	0.5	1.4
Isle of Wight Healthcare PCT	5QT	2.4	-	2.3	0.1	0.0
Milton Keynes PCT	5CQ	1.4	-	1.3	0.0	0.0
Oxfordshire PCT	5QE	31.8	-	6.0	1.9	0.2
Portsmouth City Teaching PCT	5FE	45.3	0.7	23.3	2.6	3.3
Royal Berkshire NHS Foundation Trust	RHW	6.0	-	2.9	0.5	0.1
Southampton City PCT	5L1	16.9	0.0	10.6	0.7	0.8
Winchester & Eastleigh Healthcare NHS Trust	RN1	7.3	-	3.8	0.5	0.2
East of England Brook		27.4	-	5.1	3.0	2.1

Table 14 Contacts by provider 2009/10 - Continued

England		Thousands				
		Clinic Attendances	Domiciliary Visits	No. of First Contacts - Female	Emergency Contraceptives Total	No. of First Contacts - Male
England		2,553.0	19.0	1,184.7	143.6	161.8
South West Strategic Health Authority area	Q39	177.5	1.4	73.7	9.2	15.4
Bath & North East Somerset PCT	5FL	8.4	-	4.2	0.2	0.6
Bournemouth & Poole Teaching PCT*	5QN	9.7	-	5.1	0.9	0.5
Devon PCT	5QQ	21.0	-	-	2.1	-
Dorset PCT	5QM	6.4	-	5.5	0.2	0.7
Gloucestershire PCT	5QH	21.3	-	11.3	0.9	0.6
North Devon Healthcare NHS Trust	RBZ	4.6	-	2.7	0.1	0.3
Plymouth Teaching PCT	5F1	16.8	1.2	7.6	0.6	2.1
Royal Cornwall Hospitals NHS Trust*	REF	8.8	-	4.5	0.1	0.2
Salisbury NHS Foundation Trust	RNZ	5.6	-	2.6	0.3	0.3
Somerset PCT*	5QL	21.2	-	7.5	0.4	2.9
South Devon Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust	RA9	6.1	-	2.2	0.2	2.1
Swindon PCT	5K3	9.7	0.2	3.8	0.5	0.5
University Hospitals Bristol NHS Foundation Trust*	RA7	12.6	-	10.4	0.4	1.1
Weston Area Health NHS Trust	RA3	11.0	-	3.5	0.7	2.8
Bristol Brook	XBA	8.2	-	1.9	1.1	0.4
Cornwall Brook	XBL	6.0	-	0.9	0.5	0.4

1. Previously known as Birkenhead Brook.

2. Previously known as Oldham Brook and now delivers services in Oldham, Pennine and Calderdale. The separate Centre in Eccles closed and Pennine now runs services in that area as a result of recommissioning of young people's services.

3. Previously known as Wigan Brook.

Notes:

* The figures include returns from other organisations not listed in this table. These figures are aggregated prior to submission and are impossible to separate. A list of organisations which provide NHS community contraceptive services but which are not listed on this table is available in Annex A.

- zero

0.0 Indicates non zero data less than 50 and therefore rounded down to zero

Source:

KT 31 return form, The NHS Information Centre

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Table 15 Contacts with women by provider, by age group and by method of contraception 2009/10

England		Thousands / Percentages											
		Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives (LARCs) total					User dependant methods			Other methods			
		Total first contacts with women (all reasons)	Total first contacts with Women (Contraception reasons only)	First contacts with women under 20 (all reasons)	First contacts with women aged 20-34 (all reasons)	First contacts with women aged 35 & over (all reasons)	as a percentage of total first contacts for all reasons	as a percentage of total first contacts for contraception reasons only	as a percentage of total first contacts for all reasons	as a percentage of total first contacts for contraception reasons only	as a percentage of total first contacts for all reasons	as a percentage of total first contacts for contraception reasons only	No method provided/ contacts for reasons other than contraception
England		1,184.7	887.5	30	49	21	19	26	52	70	3	4	25
North East Strategic Health Authority area	Q30	71.2	50.1	35	45	20	24	34	45	64	1	2	30
City Hospitals Sunderland NHS Foundation Trust	RLN	6.2	4.7	29	46	25	32	42	44	58	0	0	24
County Durham PCT*	5ND	12.7	10.4	33	48	19	33	40	48	59	1	1	18
Gateshead PCT	5KF	4.0	3.6	30	52	17	30	33	60	66	1	1	9
Hartlepool PCT	5D9	3.0	1.4	43	40	17	9	20	37	80	0	0	53
Middlesbrough PCT*	5KM	7.6	4.7	28	48	24	15	24	46	74	2	3	38
Newcastle PCT	5D7	8.1	5.8	35	47	18	26	36	40	56	6	8	29
Stockton-On-Tees Teaching PCT	5E1	4.8	3.2	27	46	27	16	24	49	75	1	1	34
North Tyneside PCT	5D8	10.7	5.2	41	43	16	13	27	35	73	0	0	52
Northumberland Care Trust	TAC	6.1	4.4	52	32	16	24	33	47	64	2	3	27
South Tyneside PCT	5KG	7.6	6.3	29	51	20	36	44	46	56	0	1	17
Stockton Brook		0.5	0.4	97	3	0	3	4	61	76	16	19	20
North West Strategic Health Authority area	Q31	210.4	159.2	34	47	20	22	29	51	68	3	3	24
Ashton, Leigh & Wigan PCT	5HG	7.6	5.5	22	49	29	30	41	42	58	0	0	28
Blackburn with Darwen PCT*	5CC	3.8	3.1	16	50	34	22	27	58	72	1	1	20
Blackpool PCT*	5HP	9.9	7.7	47	39	14	20	25	52	67	6	7	23
Bolton PCT*	5HQ	5.1	3.9	49	35	16	31	40	43	55	3	4	22
Bury PCT	5JX	2.8	2.0	49	32	19	10	13	62	86	1	1	28
Central & Eastern Cheshire PCT	5NP	9.4	7.2	27	44	30	19	25	57	73	1	1	23
Central Lancashire PCT	5NG	13.0	9.8	35	45	20	21	28	55	72	0	0	24
Cumbria PCT	5NE	7.2	5.5	44	40	16	24	31	53	69	0	1	23
East Lancashire Teaching PCT	5NH	4.2	3.5	34	45	21	21	25	62	73	1	2	16
Halton & St Helens PCT	5NM	7.4	6.5	37	46	18	24	27	64	73	0	0	12
Heywood, Middleton & Rochdale PCT	5NQ	2.4	1.6	41	46	14	28	41	40	59	0	0	33
Knowsley PCT	5J4	4.8	4.0	28	48	24	32	39	50	60	1	1	17
Liverpool PCT	5NL	31.4	25.2	21	60	19	24	29	56	70	0	0	20
Manchester PCT*	5NT	27.5	22.6	19	62	19	25	31	55	67	2	2	18
North Lancashire Teaching PCT	5NF	2.2	2.1	47	41	12	31	32	63	66	1	1	5
Oldham PCT	5J5	3.2	2.0	15	60	26	10	17	51	83	0	0	38
Salford PCT	5F5	5.1	1.5	26	52	22	10	35	18	63	0	1	72
Sefton PCT	5NJ	13.4	10.6	31	41	28	30	38	47	60	2	2	21
Southport & Ormskirk Hospital NHS Trust	RVY ²	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stockport PCT	5F7	7.1	4.9	44	38	18	20	29	38	55	11	16	32
Tameside & Glossop PCT	5LH	4.3	3.7	39	42	19	12	14	60	70	14	17	13
Trafford Healthcare NHS Trust*	RM4	4.8	3.3	12	47	41	20	29	47	70	1	1	32
Warrington PCT	5J2	3.1	1.7	36	33	31	13	23	41	74	2	3	44
West Cheshire PCT	5NN	2.1	1.9	35	47	18	30	32	62	67	0	0	9
Wirral PCT	5NK	14.0	10.0	40	40	20	23	32	42	59	6	9	29
Wrightington, Wigan and Leigh NHS Foundation Trust	RRF ¹	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wirral Brook ³		1.9	1.1	76	24	0	5	9	36	60	18	31	40
Blackburn Brook		1.3	0.6	81	19	0	4	8	42	88	2	3	52
Burnley Brook		1.3	0.6	77	23	0	2	5	41	89	2	5	54
Liverpool Brook		3.9	2.9	65	35	0	3	5	63	86	7	9	27
Manchester Brook		3.1	2.8	99	1	0	5	6	79	88	5	5	11
Pennine Brook ⁴		2.0	1.2	81	19	0	5	9	40	66	15	25	40
Wigan & Leigh Brook ⁵		1.3	0.3	83	17	0	3	12	18	81	2	7	78

Table 15 Contacts with women by provider, by age group and by method of contraception 2009/10 - Continued

		Thousands / Percentages											
		Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives (LARCs) total					User dependant methods		Other methods				
		Total first contacts with women (all reasons)	Total first contacts with Women (Contraception reasons only)	First contacts with women under 20 (all reasons)	First contacts with women aged 20-34 (all reasons)	First contacts with women aged 35 & over (all reasons)	as a percentage of total first contacts for all reasons	as a percentage of total first contacts for contraception reasons only	as a percentage of total first contacts for all reasons	as a percentage of total first contacts for contraception reasons only	as a percentage of total first contacts for all reasons	as a percentage of total first contacts for contraception reasons only	No method provided/ contacts for reasons other than contraception
England		1,184.7	887.5	30	49	21	19	26	52	70	3	4	25
Yorkshire & the Humber Strategic Health Authority area	Q32	121.0	92.7	38	45	17	20	26	54	71	3	3	23
Barnsley PCT	5JE	7.2	4.0	37	33	30	13	22	38	69	5	9	44
Bradford & Airedale Teaching PCT	5NY	11.8	8.7	20	56	23	23	31	51	69	0	1	26
Calderdale and Huddersfield NHS Foundation Trust	RWY	5.3	4.6	30	45	25	28	32	58	67	0	0	14
Doncaster PCT	5N5	21.6	17.1	54	41	4	13	16	66	84	0	0	21
Harrogate & District NHS Foundation Trust	RCD	0.6	0.6	38	42	20	35	36	44	45	19	19	2
Hull Teaching PCT*	5NX	13.8	9.1	46	42	12	22	34	38	57	6	9	34
Kirklees PCT	5N2	6.7	5.4	40	40	20	11	13	59	73	11	14	19
Leeds PCT	5N1	13.4	11.6	37	52	12	25	29	61	70	1	1	13
North Lincolnshire PCT	5EF	1.3	1.1	86	14	0	2	2	79	96	1	1	18
North Yorkshire & York PCT	5NV	2.0	1.5	45	34	21	21	28	52	71	1	1	26
Northern Lincolnshire and Goole Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust	RJL	1.6	1.0	56	31	13	14	23	43	71	3	5	40
Rotherham PCT	5H8	6.9	5.7	35	40	25	21	26	60	72	2	2	17
Sheffield PCT	5N4	17.1	12.4	27	50	24	21	29	50	70	1	2	28
Wakefield District PCT	5N3	5.7	4.6	40	41	19	22	28	52	65	6	7	21
York Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust*	RCB	6.0	5.3	31	52	17	32	36	54	61	3	3	11
East Midlands Strategic Health Authority area	Q33	67.9	50.2	31	47	22	23	32	48	65	3	4	26
Bassetlaw PCT	5ET	1.4	1.3	48	35	17	22	25	64	71	4	4	10
Derby City PCT	5N7	3.5	3.2	37	42	22	18	20	53	58	20	22	8
Derbyshire County PCT	5N6	11.4	8.8	39	39	21	24	31	51	66	2	3	22
Lincolnshire Teaching PCT	5N9	5.2	3.8	37	42	21	32	44	38	52	3	5	27
Northamptonshire Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust	RP1	8.2	5.6	27	47	26	20	30	46	69	1	1	32
Nottingham City PCT*	5EM	19.0	12.0	34	52	14	17	27	44	69	2	3	37
Nottinghamshire County Teaching PCT	5N8	9.0	7.8	26	47	27	30	35	56	65	0	1	13
University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust*	RWE	10.2	7.7	17	52	30	28	36	48	63	1	1	24
West Midlands Strategic Health Authority area	Q34	116.6	81.4	33	46	20	14	21	52	74	4	5	30
Birmingham East & North PCT	5PG	6.5	5.7	15	54	31	19	21	64	72	6	6	12
Coventry Teaching PCT	5MD	3.5	2.0	33	48	19	11	19	42	72	5	9	42
Dudley PCT	5PE	4.9	3.0	21	54	25	14	22	46	76	1	2	39
Heart of Birmingham Teaching PCT	5MX	9.1	7.9	9	60	31	14	16	68	78	5	6	13
Herefordshire PCT	5CN	2.4	1.9	33	42	26	28	35	50	63	2	2	21
Sandwell PCT	5PF	10.1	5.5	18	52	29	10	18	45	82	0	0	45
Solihull Care Trust	TAM	1.7	1.7	73	24	3	19	19	81	81	0	0	0
South Birmingham PCT	5M1	4.7	4.1	19	57	24	19	22	61	69	8	9	12
South Staffordshire PCT	5PK	17.3	7.9	47	40	12	7	15	29	62	10	23	54
Stoke on Trent Teaching PCT*	5PJ	11.4	7.0	38	43	19	13	22	43	71	5	8	39
Telford & Wrekin PCT*	5MK	3.9	2.8	38	39	23	25	34	44	60	5	6	27
Walsall Teaching PCT	5M3	7.3	5.4	30	48	22	17	22	55	74	2	3	26
Warwickshire PCT	5PM	5.7	5.1	35	44	21	28	32	60	67	1	1	11
Wolverhampton City PCT	5MV	6.9	4.8	23	49	27	22	32	47	67	1	1	31
Worcestershire PCT	5PL	11.8	9.8	30	50	20	18	22	64	77	1	1	17
Birmingham Brook		8.0	5.7	72	28	0	3	4	67	95	1	1	29
Sandwell & Dudley Brook		1.4	1.0	71	29	0	2	3	70	97	0	0	28

Table 15 Contacts with women by provider, by age group and by method of contraception 2009/10 - Continued

England		Thousands / Percentages											
		Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives (LARCs) total					User dependant methods		Other methods				
		Total first contacts with women (all reasons)	Total first contacts with Women (Contraception reasons only)	First contacts with women under 20 (all reasons)	First contacts with women aged 20-34 (all reasons)	First contacts with women aged 35 & over (all reasons)	as a percentage of total first contacts for all reasons	as a percentage of total first contacts for contraception reasons only	as a percentage of total first contacts for all reasons	as a percentage of total first contacts for contraception reasons only	as a percentage of total first contacts for all reasons	as a percentage of total first contacts for contraception reasons only	No method provided/ contacts for reasons other than contraception
England		1,184.7	887.5	30	49	21	19	26	52	70	3	4	25
East of England Strategic Health Authority area	Q35	92.7	62.9	33	46	20	15	23	51	75	2	2	32
Cambridgeshire PCT	5PP	3.0	1.6	18	43	38	21	39	32	60	1	1	47
East & North Hertfordshire PCT	5P3	12.1	9.7	29	52	19	17	21	61	77	2	2	20
Colchester Hospital University NHS Foundation Trust	RDE	5.8	4.9	39	44	17	21	25	61	73	1	2	17
Great Yarmouth & Waveney Teaching PCT	5PR	6.3	4.4	49	42	10	9	13	59	83	3	4	29
Ipswich Hospital NHS Trust	RGQ	0.1	0.1	10	37	54	93	93	7	7	0	0	0
Luton and Dunstable Hospital NHS Foundation Trust	RC9	0.8	0.5	19	61	20	27	43	34	55	1	2	38
Luton PCT	5GC	3.8	1.1	2	46	52	15	51	14	48	0	1	70
Mid Essex PCT	5PX	3.6	3.1	29	47	24	11	13	73	85	1	2	14
Norfolk and Norwich University Hospital NHS Foundation Trust	RM1	7.8	5.6	23	55	22	30	42	41	56	1	2	28
Norfolk PCT	5PQ	2.1	1.5	45	41	15	14	19	59	81	0	0	27
Peterborough PCT	5PN	2.4	1.2	51	38	11	5	11	43	89	0	1	52
South East Essex PCT	5P1	14.3	9.8	35	47	19	10	15	57	84	0	0	32
South West Essex Teaching PCT	5PY	8.7	5.3	28	45	27	17	29	43	71	0	1	40
Suffolk PCT	5PT	8.5	6.5	38	47	15	13	17	63	82	1	1	24
The Princess Alexandra Hospital NHS Trust	RQW	2.6	1.9	21	52	27	21	28	47	64	6	8	26
West Essex PCT	5PV	4.2	3.0	83	17	0	10	13	47	66	15	21	28
West Hertfordshire Hospitals NHS Trust	RWG	6.5	2.8	23	57	20	11	25	32	75	0	1	57
London Strategic Health Authority area	Q36	291.9	224.0	16	58	26	15	20	56	73	5	7	23
Barking, Havering and Redbridge University Hospitals NHS Trust	RF4	9.4	5.9	20	43	37	19	30	40	64	4	6	37
Barnet PCT	5A9	8.5	6.5	18	56	26	14	18	62	81	1	1	23
Barts & the London NHS Trust	RNJ	2.1	1.0	13	79	8	5	12	36	80	4	8	56
Bexley Care Trust	TAK	1.3	1.0	87	13	0	6	7	70	92	1	1	24
Brent Teaching PCT	5K5	7.6	5.0	5	57	38	23	35	42	64	0	0	35
Bromley PCT	5A7	6.5	6.1	39	43	18	17	18	76	81	1	1	6
Camden PCT*	5K7	30.4	21.6	3	72	25	12	17	43	61	16	23	29
City and Hackney Teaching PCT	5C3	8.0	5.7	8	64	28	20	28	42	59	10	14	29
Croydon PCT	5K9	6.5	4.5	26	50	25	19	27	47	68	3	5	31
Ealing PCT	5HX	10.5	7.8	11	59	30	16	21	57	77	2	2	26
Enfield PCT	5C1	6.8	6.6	27	54	19	38	39	59	61	0	0	2
Greenwich Teaching PCT	5A8	12.0	9.3	25	56	20	22	29	48	62	7	9	23
Hammersmith & Fulham PCT	5H1	6.8	4.3	5	64	31	17	26	46	72	1	2	36
Haringey Teaching PCT	5C9	7.1	6.3	13	61	25	29	33	50	57	9	10	12
Hillingdon PCT	5AT	13.9	11.7	21	48	31	17	20	66	78	1	1	16
Homerton University Hospital NHS Foundation Trust	RQX	1.6	1.6	0	0	100	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
Hounslow PCT	5HY	4.3	2.8	14	69	16	20	30	44	68	1	2	35
Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust	RYJ	2.1	1.7	37	57	6	6	8	24	30	49	62	21
Kensington & Chelsea PCT	5LA	12.1	6.7	7	57	35	11	20	44	79	1	1	45
King's College Hospital NHS Foundation Trust	RJZ	14.3	9.6	12	62	26	18	28	48	71	1	1	33
Kingston PCT	5A5	1.1	0.9	50	35	16	7	9	67	87	3	4	23
Lambeth PCT	5LD	11.8	10.3	12	70	19	14	16	73	84	0	0	13
Lewisham PCT	5LF	23.8	23.8	16	57	27	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
Newham PCT	5C5	6.6	4.6	20	56	24	15	21	55	78	0	0	30
North West London Hospitals NHS Trust*	RV8	6.2	4.7	29	46	25	13	17	60	80	3	4	25
Richmond & Twickenham PCT	5M6	3.5	3.1	53	34	13	10	12	76	86	2	2	11
Royal Free Hampstead NHS Trust	RAL	1.3	1.1	9	67	24	49	53	42	46	1	1	9
Southwark PCT	5LE	9.7	9.7	11	64	24	10	10	90	90	0	0	0
Sutton & Merton PCT	5M7	11.0	8.0	15	51	33	21	29	50	69	2	2	27
Tower Hamlets PCT	5C4	6.8	5.2	11	70	19	11	28	54	71	1	1	24
Waltham Forest PCT	5NC	11.1	7.2	15	61	24	23	36	37	57	5	7	35
Wandsworth PCT	5LG	19.5	13.9	12	60	28	11	15	39	54	22	31	29
Westminster PCT	5LC	2.5	1.4	3	59	38	10	19	44	80	1	1	45
London Brook		5.1	4.5	56	44	0	8	9	78	89	2	3	12

Table 15 Contacts with women by provider, by age group and by method of contraception 2009/10 - Continued

England		Thousands / Percentages											
							Long Acting Reversible Contraceptives (LARCs) total		User dependant methods		Other methods		
		Total first contacts with women (all reasons)	Total first contacts with Women (Contraception reasons only)	First contacts with women under 20 (all reasons)	First contacts with women aged 20-34 (all reasons)	First contacts with women aged 35 & over (all reasons)	as a percentage of total first contacts for all reasons	as a percentage of total first contacts for contraception reasons only	as a percentage of total first contacts for all reasons	as a percentage of total first contacts for contraception reasons only	as a percentage of total first contacts for all reasons	as a percentage of total first contacts for contraception reasons only	No method provided/ contacts for reasons other than contraception
England		1,184.7	887.5	30	49	21	19	26	52	70	3	4	25
South East Coast Strategic Health Authority area	Q37	62.6	53.2	33	46	21	19	22	61	72	5	6	15
East Sussex Downs & Weald PCT	5P7	1.4	1.4	35	46	19	18	18	74	77	4	4	5
Eastern & Coastal Kent Teaching PCT*	5QA	18.9	16.5	39	44	17	19	22	63	72	5	6	13
Hastings & Rother PCT	5P8	2.1	2.0	35	44	21	36	37	59	62	1	1	4
South Downs Health NHS Trust*	RDR	5.3	3.8	31	47	21	8	12	40	56	24	33	28
Surrey PCT	5P5	14.1	11.6	26	49	25	21	25	57	70	4	5	18
West Kent PCT	5P9	8.0	7.2	40	42	18	15	17	74	82	1	1	10
Western Sussex Hospitals NHS Trust	RYR	12.7	10.6	30	46	24	19	23	62	74	3	4	16
South Central Strategic Health Authority area	Q38	76.8	56.7	34	48	18	23	31	50	67	1	1	26
Berkshire East Teaching PCT	5QG	13.8	5.0	21	55	24	11	29	25	70	0	1	64
Buckinghamshire PCT*	5QD	2.4	1.5	24	50	25	17	27	40	64	6	10	37
Hampshire PCT	5QC	5.3	4.2	63	27	10	12	15	67	85	0	0	21
Isle of Wight Healthcare PCT	5QT	2.3	2.0	36	40	24	41	48	42	50	1	2	15
Milton Keynes PCT	5CQ	1.3	1.1	2	51	47	28	32	49	58	9	10	15
Oxfordshire PCT	5QE	6.0	5.7	37	45	18	54	56	42	43	0	0	5
Portsmouth City Teaching PCT	5FE	23.3	18.2	30	49	20	22	28	56	72	0	0	22
Royal Berkshire NHS Foundation Trust	RHW	2.9	2.5	38	51	11	30	35	53	62	2	3	14
Southampton City PCT	5L1	10.6	9.1	34	51	15	30	35	56	65	0	0	14
Winchester & Eastleigh Healthcare NHS Trust	RN1	3.8	3.7	35	49	16	33	34	64	66	1	1	3
East of England Brook		5.1	3.8	65	35	0	7	9	62	82	6	8	25
South West Strategic Health Authority area	Q39	73.7	57.1	35	44	21	28	37	46	59	3	4	22
Bath & North East Somerset PCT	5FL	4.2	3.2	31	45	24	24	32	49	65	2	3	25
Bournemouth & Poole Teaching PCT*	5QN	5.1	3.2	49	36	14	15	23	46	72	3	5	37
Devon PCT	5QQ ²	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dorset PCT	5QM	5.5	4.4	22	47	31	36	45	43	54	0	0	21
Gloucestershire PCT	5QH	11.3	8.4	25	51	24	31	41	41	55	3	4	25
North Devon Healthcare NHS Trust	RBZ	2.7	2.2	43	32	25	36	43	46	55	1	1	17
Plymouth Teaching PCT	5F1	7.6	5.1	43	42	15	38	56	29	43	1	1	33
Royal Cornwall Hospitals NHS Trust*	REF	4.5	4.1	23	40	38	43	47	47	52	1	2	9
Salisbury NHS Foundation Trust	RNZ	2.6	2.3	32	48	21	19	22	63	72	6	7	12
Somerset PCT*	5QL	7.5	6.1	50	33	18	17	20	63	78	1	2	19
South Devon Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust	RA9	2.2	1.8	38	41	21	27	33	53	64	2	2	18
Swindon PCT	5K3	3.8	3.0	46	39	15	21	27	53	66	6	8	20
University Hospitals Bristol NHS Foundation Trust*	RA7	10.4	8.7	28	54	19	39	46	44	52	2	2	16
Weston Area Health NHS Trust	RA3	3.5	2.2	27	54	18	20	32	43	68	0	0	37
Bristol Brook		1.9	1.7	57	43	0	5	6	35	41	46	53	14
Cornwall Brook		0.9	0.7	71	27	2	11	14	66	86	0	0	23

1. No female services were provided.

2. Only emergency contraceptive services were provided.

Notes:

3. Previously to be known as Birkenhead Brook.

4. Previously known as Oldham Brook and now delivers services in Oldham, Pennine and Calderdale. The separate Centre in Eccles closed and Pennine now runs services in that area as a result of recommissioning of young people's services.

5. Previously known as Wigan Brook.

Notes:

* The figures include returns from other organisations not listed in this table. These figures are aggregated prior to submission and are impossible to separate. A list of organisations which provide NHS community contraceptive services but which are not listed on this table is available in Annex A.

- zero

0.0 Indicates non zero data less than 50 and therefore rounded down to zero

Source:

KT 31 return form, The NHS Information Centre

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Annex A: NHS organisations which include returns from other organisations

Organisation	Other organisations included in return
North East Strategic Health Authority area	
County Durham PCT Middlesbrough PCT	Darlington PCT Redcar & Cleveland PCT
North West Strategic Health Authority area	
Trafford Healthcare NHS Trust Blackburn With Darwen PCT Blackpool PCT Manchester PCT	Trafford PCT part of East Lancashire Teaching PCT ¹ part of North Lancashire Teaching PCT ¹ 1 clinic in Trafford PCT
Yorkshire & the Humber Strategic Health Authority area	
Hull Teaching PCT York Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust	East Riding of Yorkshire PCT clinics in York, Acomb and Selby in the North Yorkshire and York PCT area ¹
East Midlands Strategic Health Authority area	
University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust Nottingham City PCT	Leicester City PCT and Leicestershire County & Rutland PCT part of Nottinghamshire County Teaching PCT ¹
West Midlands Strategic Health Authority area	
Stoke On Trent PCT Telford and Wrekin PCT	North Staffordshire PCT Shropshire County PCT
London Strategic Health Authority area	
Camden PCT North West London Hospitals NHS Trust	Islington PCT Harrow PCT
South East Coast Strategic Health Authority area	
Eastern and Coastal Kent PCT South Downs Health NHS Trust	Medway PCT Brighton & Hove PCT
South Central Strategic Health Authority area	
Buckinghamshire PCT	Buckinghamshire Hospitals NHS Trust
South West Strategic Health Authority area	
Bournemouth and Poole Teaching PCT Royal Cornwall Hospitals NHS Trust Somerset PCT University Hospitals Bristol NHS Foundation Trust	part of Dorset PCT ¹ Cornwall and Isles of Scilly PCT Taunton & Somerset NHS Foundation Trust, Yeovil District Hospital NHS Foundation Trust Bristol PCT, North Bristol NHS Trust, South Gloucestershire PCT and North Somerset PCT

1. East Lancashire Teaching PCT, North Lancashire Teaching PCT, Nottinghamshire County Teaching PCT, Dorset PCT and North Yorkshire & York PCT have also made their own submission.

Annex B: Procedure Codes

Procedure codes identifying vasectomies

- N17.1 - Excision of vas deferens, Bilateral vasectomy
- N17.2 - Excision of vas deferens, Ligation of vas deferens nec
- N17.8 - Excision of vas deferens, Other Specified
- N17.9 - Excision of vas deferens, Unspecified

Procedure codes identifying vasectomy reversals

- N18.1 - Repair of spermatic cord, Reversal of bilateral vasectomy
- N18.2 - Repair of spermatic cord, Suture of vas deferens nec
- N18.8 - Repair of spermatic cord, Other specified
- N18.9 - Repair of spermatic cord, Unspecified

Procedure codes identifying sterilisations

- Q27.1 - Open bilateral occlusion of fallopian tubes, Open bilateral ligation of fallopian tubes
- Q27.2 - Open bilateral occlusion of fallopian tubes, Open bilateral clipping of fallopian tubes
- Q27.8 - Open bilateral occlusion of fallopian tubes, Other specified
- Q27.9 - Open bilateral occlusion of fallopian tubes, Unspecified
- Q28.1 - Open ligation of remaining solitary fallopian tube
- Q28.2 - Open ligation of fallopian tube nec
- Q28.3 - Open clipping of remaining solitary fallopian tube
- Q28.4 - Open clipping of fallopian tube nec
- Q28.8 - Other specified other open occlusion of fallopian tube
- Q28.9 - Unspecified other open occlusion of fallopian tube
- Q35.1 - Endoscopic bilateral occlusion of fallopian tubes, Endoscopic bilateral cauterisation of fallopian tubes
- Q35.2 - Endoscopic bilateral occlusion of fallopian tubes, Endoscopic bilateral clipping of fallopian tubes
- Q35.3 - Endoscopic bilateral occlusion of fallopian tubes, Endoscopic bilateral ringing of fallopian tubes
- Q35.8 - Endoscopic bilateral occlusion of fallopian tubes, Other specified
- Q35.9 - Endoscopic bilateral occlusion of fallopian tubes, Unspecified
- Q36.1 - Other endoscopic occlusion of fallopian tube, Endoscopic occlusion of remaining solitary fallopian tube
- Q36.8 - Other endoscopic occlusion of fallopian tube, Other specified
- Q36.9 - Other endoscopic occlusion of fallopian tube, Unspecified

Procedure codes identifying sterilisation reversals

- Q29.1 - Open reversal of female sterilisation, Reanastomosis of fallopian tube nec
- Q29.2 - Open reversal of female sterilisation, Open removal of clip from fallopian tube nec
- Q29.8 - Open reversal of female sterilisation, Other specified
- Q29.9 - Open reversal of female sterilisation, Unspecified
- Q37.1 - Endoscopic reversal of female sterilisation, Endoscopic removal of clip from fallopian tube
- Q37.8 - Endoscopic reversal of female sterilisation, Other specified
- Q37.9 - Endoscopic reversal of female sterilisation, Unspecified

Annex C: KT31 Forms and Guidance

Collection Form
 Organisation code: Example Form
 Form Number: 5988
 WorkArea: KT31CCS
 KT31 Community Contraception Collection 2009-2010

Please Note: For each numeric question, a zero (0) or higher needs to be entered.

Part A (i)
 Total Contacts

	Number of Contacts
1. Clinic Attendance	0
2. Domicillary Visit	0

Part A (ii)
 Clinic Sessions for People Aged Under 25

	Number
1. Clinic Sessions	0
2. Total Contacts In Young Persons Clinics	0

Part B
 First Contacts in the Financial Year - Females

	Age							Total
	<15	15	16-17	18-19	20-24	25-34	35+	
Oral Contraceptive								
1. (i) Combined Preparation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2. (ii) Progestogen Only	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3. IU Device (IUD)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4. Cap, Diaphragm	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5. Injectable Contraceptive	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6. Other Chemicals (Spermicides, etc. but only when used on their own)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7. Male Condom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8. Female Condom (e.g. Femidom)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Natural Family Planning / Fertility Awareness (Rhythm Method)								
9. (i) Fertility Indicators (Singular or Combined)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10. (ii) Fertility Devices (Including Persona)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11. Female Sterilisation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12. Implant	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13. IU System (IUS) (Including Mirena)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14. Contraceptive Patch	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15. Other Methods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16. No Method Provided	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17. Contact for Reasons Other Than Contraception	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
99. TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Part B - Additional

Please explain any significant changes in your total female first contacts compared with last year

If all Under 15s = 0, please state in the box that will appear below whether the number of under 15s is unknown and included with the total aged 15 or is actually zero

Part B

If Female Condom (e.g. Femidom) total is more than 10% of Male Condoms - Total, please enter the reason in the box that will appear below

Part B

Part C
Post-Coital Contraceptives - Females - Number of Occasions

	Age							Total
	<15	15	16-17	18-19	20-24	25-34	35+	
1. Hormonal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2. IUD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
99. TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Part C - Additional

Please explain any significant changes in the total post-coital contraceptives prescribed compared to last year

If all Under 15s = 0, please state whether the number of under 15s is unknown and included with the total aged 15 or is actually zero

Part C

Part D (i)
First Contacts in the Financial Year - Males

	Age							Total
	<15	15	16-17	18-19	20-24	25-34	35+	
1. Vasectomy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2. Male Condom	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3. Other Methods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4. No Method Provided	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5. Contact for Reasons Other Than Contraception	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9. TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Part D (i) - Additional

Please explain any significant changes in your total male first contacts compared with last year

If all Under 15s = 0, please state in the box that will appear below whether the number of under 15s is unknown and included with the total aged 15 or is actually zero

Part D(i)

Part D (ii)
Vasectomies - All Operations in Family Planning Clinics, Out Patients Clinics or Under Contract

Part D (ii) - TOTAL

Part E

Please use this space to record anything relevant to the quantity or consistency of the data

Coverage of the KT31 Community Contraception Collection 2009-2010 return

Trusts are asked to ensure that all the relevant data is recorded. If necessary please liaise with neighbouring Trusts to ensure that full information about your Trust's Contraceptive Services data is obtained, and that there is no duplication, for example a Trust and a PCT submitting data for the same services.

If you are unable to provide complete data for your trust please say so in Part E at the end of the form. Please also use Part E to tell us if the data you are returning covers data for more than one Trust / PCT.

Introduction

1. The coverage of the KT31 return includes individual face-to-face patient activity in services provided by Trusts in clinics and non-clinic venues (such as domiciliary visits / outreach). Also included are those provided by non-NHS clinics funded wholly or in part by the NHS (such as Brook).

Not included are health promotion activities (e.g. school sessions) and services provided by consultants in outpatient clinics or those provided by general medical practitioners.

2. Where a Trust provides services in clinics that are located within the boundaries of more than one PCT, a separate return should be made for all clinics within a PCT boundary. For example, where a Trust provides six clinical sites (2 in PCT X, 3 in PCT Y and 1 in PCT Z), the Trust should make three returns - one for each PCT.

Definitions

3. A contact is a face-to-face attendance during which a client is seen by a staff member for consultation and discussion, supply or administration of contraception. Youth workers and health advisers providing discussion to an individual client on contraception methods such as condoms and reception staff supplying condoms are also recorded as a contact.

Additionally, individuals attending for 'other' services such as cervical cytology, pregnancy testing and menopause advice are recorded. See line 17 below.

4. A first contact in the financial year is the first time a client is seen in the year by the contraceptive service. A subsequent contact with the same service provider does not count as a first contact, so each client is recorded only once as a first visit in any year by any Trust.

Multi-site services, without a master patient index should ensure all women on first contact to a service are asked if they have attended another site in the current financial year to limit 'double-counting' of first contact in financial year.

5. The main method of contraception for new clients is that chosen after consultation and discussion; for existing clients it is the principal method in use unless a change is advised and actioned.

To ensure consistency in reporting, the main method for new clients should be the substantive method chosen and given after a first contact consultation.

A limiting factor of the KT31 is the recording of the first method of contraception being aligned to the first contact of a patient in any one year. This does not therefore indicate when a patient changes their contraception method throughout the year. The Department of Health is currently reviewing KT31 to ensure a more robust data collection from April 2008.

6. Where a couple are seen together only one first contact is recorded; where either vasectomy or the male condom is the main method chosen, the first contact is recorded as one with a man; in all other cases, where any other method is chosen, the first contact is recorded as one with a woman.

Notes for completion of the KT31 return

Part A (i)

7. Record all contacts (defined above - point 3), including those occurring at young persons' clinics - contacts at a young persons clinic should also be counted at A (ii).

Part A (ii)

8. A young persons' clinic is one intended / designated for persons up to age 25.

line 1 -A clinic session is recorded each time a designated young persons' clinic is held; do not include any other type of clinic session.

line 2 - All contacts at young persons clinics should be recorded, regardless of the age of the client; where a couple attend together, record one contact only.

Part B

9. A woman should appear in only one row of the Part B table in any year.

Line 3 - IU Devices - do not include use of the Mirena intra-uterine system (IUS); this should be included at line 13.

Line 6 - other Chemicals, (mainly spermicidal pessaries and cream), should be included only when they are used on their own and not when used with, for example, a barrier method.

Lines 7 and 8 - both these lines relate to female first contacts; in line 7 record the number of women whose main method is the male condom; and in line 8 record the number of women whose main method is the female condom (e.g. 'Femidom'); information about male first contacts should be recorded in part D(i).

Lines 9 and 10 - the terms 'Natural Family Planning' or 'Fertility Awareness' are now used in preference to 'Rhythm Method'. There are a number of recognised indicators that monitor the timing of ovulation for example cycle length, waking body temperature, cervical secretions (cervical mucus); these indicators may be used in combination and there are also fertility devices (including Persona). Record these methods as follows:

line 9 - Fertility indicators (singular or combined); and

line 10 - Fertility devices (including Persona).

Where both indicators and devices are used, record under line 10 devices.

Line 13 - IU System - include use of the Mirena intra-uterine system (IUS).

Line 15 - all methods of contraception currently in use other than emergency contraception are listed in lines 1 to 14. In line 15 record those women whose first contact is an attendance for post-coital (emergency) contraception only, and who have no other main method.

Do not include existing (return) clients who have a main method but attend for emergency contraception, or new clients whose visit results in a main method being given alongside emergency contraception.

In both these last two instances, the woman's first contact should be recorded against the appropriate main method in lines 1-14.

Line 16 - record here the number of women who attend for contraceptive advice and have no current method but for whom no method is chosen / given at this visit.

Line 17 - record here the number of women who attend the clinic solely for purposes not connected with contraceptive advice e.g. for cervical screening only psychosexual counselling, colposcopy, gynaecological procedures, subfertility and menopausal advice/treatment, STI work).

Part C

10. Record every contact with a woman for post-coital contraception, on all occasions, not just first contacts.

Part D(i)

11. Line 3 requests recording the number of male first contacts whose main method is neither vasectomy nor male condom. This should be entered as zero (0), as no other method currently exists. This data field will be reviewed in the KT31 review.

Part D(ii)

12. Record the number of vasectomy operations carried out by the Trust in a community contraceptive clinic or an outpatient clinic or under contract with a non-NHS clinic or hospital; do not include vasectomies carried out by the Trust on an in-patient basis.

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